

Performance instructions

Accidentals are valid throughout the measure (at the same pitch level)
and when tied across the bar-line (to the tied note only)

NV = no vibrato

(vib.) = with vibrato

l. v. or ~, ~ = *laissez vibrer* (let vibrate)

$\approx\approx$ = begin crescendo from nothing (*di niente*)

$\approx\circ$ = decrescendo to nothing (*a niente*)

 or AFAP = as fast as possible; tremolos are AFAP, **not** measured

 or  = muffle

 = Conducted cue

 = note played as multiphonic (*fingering given*)

 = FLUTE– breath tone, articulated positively by "th" as in "they", the tongue being suddenly lowered from the back of the front teeth.

glissandi move immediately from the initial pitch and through the entire duration

An American Decameron

Songs from the Interviews of Studs Terkel

I. Looking Back

Richard Felciano

Soprano: Go - ing, _____

PICCOLO *ppp distant, a weak tone*

10 *but softly! fltz. NV*

9 *wispy tone* 7

14 *weak tone, very breathy NV ten.* *ten.* *fltz.* *to FLUTE*

18 *FLUTE (ord)* *sharp tongue* *to PICC.*

23 *PICC.* *to FLUTE*

30 *1* *2* *1* *2* *1* *2* *5*

33 *Soprano:* im - print one way _____ or an - oth - - er _____

FLUTE distant NV *to PICC.* *p release together*

II. Outhouse Economics

Flute/ Piccolo/ Alto Flute - An American Decameron

III. Eric Satie for a Cologne Thing

7 senza battuta **10** = 60 (FLUTE)
NV! simply, like a recorder (flageolet)

12 = 72 Faster
to PICC. PICC.
18 senza battuta = 60 battuta
FLUTE fltz. gl. gl.
20 1 3" silence
22 = 60 battuta
Sop.: How much will it cost us?
30 roll mouthpiece
fltz. gliss.
35 libero
1 short, sharp tonguing
38 Silence
40 sotto voce e scorrevole
Silence
41 = 72
1 fltz.
2 Sarabande
mf 3

Flute/ Piccolo/ Alto Flute - An American Decameron

48 (FLUTE)

50

f shake!

stop trill instantly

N.B. NV

54

f

60 sharp tongue

1

sf

62 **2**

72 Sarabande

NV (within Vibr. sound)

ppp

mf

sharp tongue, very short!

68 **1** **1** **70** **2**

mp

fltz.

3

p

77

senza battuta

to PICC.

1

80 **PICC.** NV, simply

3

pp distant

72 Sarabande (Coda)

fltz.

NV, sempre (flageolet)

sub.fff

sub. pp

85

(**)**

90 (**)**

faint, weak tone

to ALTO FLUTE

2 **1** **2**

non rall! **Silence**
remain motionless

N. B.: rapid trill (matches Vibraphone vibrato speed in mm. 58).

IV. Looking Up

1 = 60

Bass Cl.: 

**libero
senza battuta** [10] **battuta** 5

Sop.: A u - ni - form —

15 **5** [20] **4** Bass Cl.: 

20 **5** **4** 

Soprano: No 'cause I'm not gettin' on my ALTO FLUTE fltz. 

mf

35 **f** 

40 **4** **3** (ALTO FL.) sharp tongue! **f** 

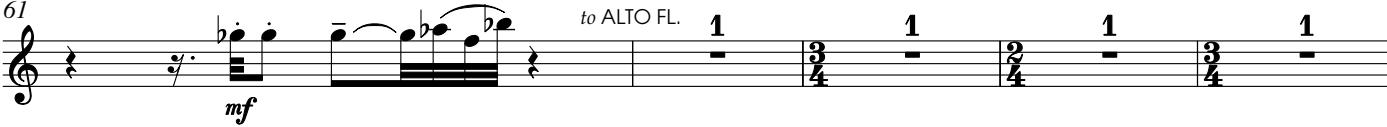
1 = 88 Faster

N. B. 

50 **1** (ALTO FL.) 

1 = 60 Tempo primo

57 **ff** to PICC. **1** PICC. 

61 **1** **1** **1** **1** 

N. B.: suddenly interrupt lower **mp** note by overblowing **sfz** into upper octave. Return instantly to lower **mp** note.

\bullet = 72 Perfectly synchronized; like a swing band

no accent on final notes!

66 ALTO FL.

70

U

A musical score for piano, page 1, featuring two staves. The top staff uses a treble clef and the bottom staff uses a bass clef. Measure 1 begins with a forte dynamic (f) and consists of six eighth-note chords. Measure 2 begins with a piano dynamic (p) and consists of six eighth-note chords. The score includes measure numbers 1 and 2.

V. The Streets of Harlem

Musical score for the first section of the piece. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 2/4. It contains measures 1 through 10. Measure 1 has a tempo of 84 BPM. Measures 2-4 have a tempo of 50 BPM. Measure 5 has a tempo of 10 BPM. Measures 6-10 have a tempo of 3 BPM. The bottom staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 2/4. It contains measures 11 through 14. Measure 11 has a tempo of 3 BPM. Measures 12-14 have a tempo of 2 BPM.

Musical score for Flute part, page 15, measures 15-20. The score shows a bassoon part with slurs and grace notes, and a flute part. Measure 15 starts with a bassoon flourish. Measures 16-19 show the bassoon playing eighth-note patterns. Measure 20 begins with a flute dynamic *mf*, followed by a measure of silence. The flute then plays eighth-note patterns with dynamics *f* and *percussive*. The score includes measure numbers 15-20 and time signatures $\frac{3}{4}$ and $\frac{4}{4}$.

27 *Soprano:* A - bra - ham Lin - coln *fltz.*

mf

1

30

mf

36 (FLUTE) NV! fltz. 3 40 Soprano: the large-ness — of spir - it of our coun - try AFAP

mf *f non dim.*

mp

42 very short, percussive!

3 3

ff

a thin, faint tone

50 NV

shril

ppp! *f* *f*

Coda, a tempo

53 1 1 1 1 1

NV, flageolet

ppp

60 Soprano:

It in - spired me. 1

slowly becoming agitated and fierce sharp tongue!

70 1 fltz. ff

73 to PICC.

PICC. 3

mf *f* *ff* *mp* *mf*

All players remain motionless 1

76 shrill!

VI. Tacet

VII. The Same Smile, The Same Open Eyes

Flute/ Piccolo/ Alto Flute - An American Decameron

VI. Tacet

VII. The Same Smile, The Same Open Eyes

Sheet music for Flute/Piccolo/Alto Flute, featuring multiple staves of musical notation with various dynamics, articulations, and time signatures.

Measure 1: $\text{♩} = 60$ Sprightly. Flute part: 2, 1. PICCOLO part: $\text{♩} = 50$, ff, to FLUTE. FLUTE part: $\text{♩} = 72$ Faster, f.

Measure 8: ten., f. PICCOLO part: $\text{♩} = 50$, 2, fltz., f.

Measure 13: percussive: tongue sharply, ff. NV, mp.

Measure 17: vibrato, f. NV, sharp tongue.

Measure 21: f.

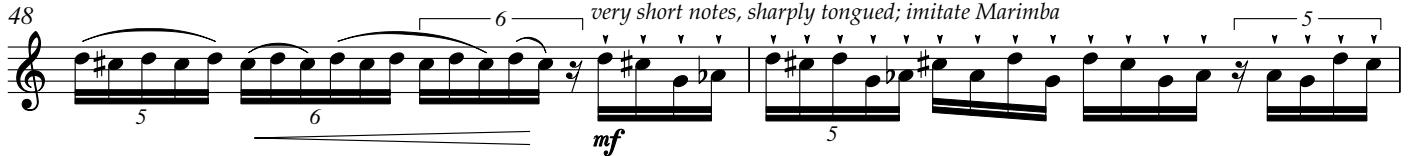
Measure 28: f.

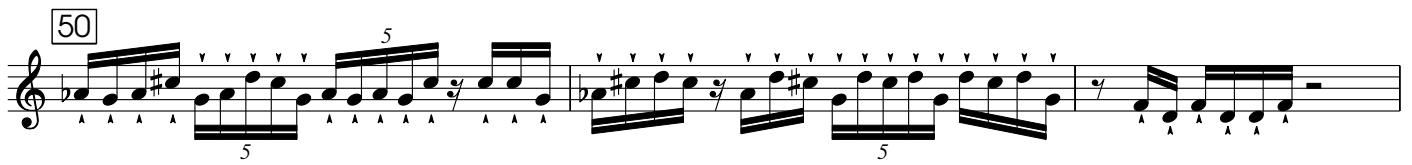
Measure 32: (no break) NV fltz., $\text{♩} = 42$, mp sub. f.

Measure 40: L'istesso tempo $\text{♩} = 42$, accel.

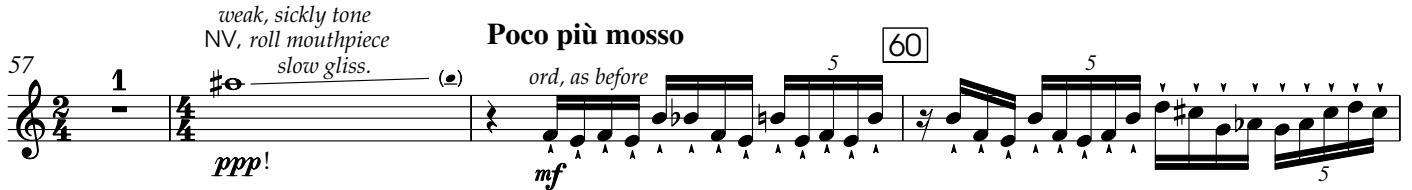
a tempo ($\text{♩} = 42$)**All parts precisely coordinated!**

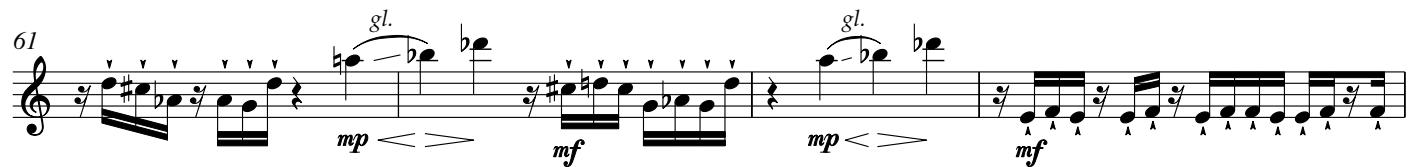
45 (FLUTE) 

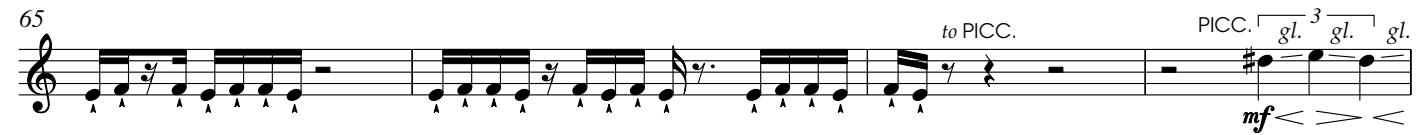
48 

50 

53 

57 weak, sickly tone
NV, roll mouthpiece
slow gliss.
Poco più mosso
1 

61 

65 

69 

VIII. Euclid

$\text{♩} = 60$ $\text{♩} = 84$

1 1 3 Vc.: tr\sim (FLUTE) mp

8 10 to PICC. (11)

6 (Vln.) (Cl.) (Sop.) (Sop.) (Pno.)

12 battuta $\text{♩} = 44$ 3

16 (Vln.) (Pno.) (Pno.) Sop.: Eu-clid was wrong PICC. NV, flageolet (Pno.) senza battuta to FLUTE

(18) (Sop.) (Sop.) (Vln.)

f

battuta $\text{♩} = 44$

19 Sop.: Is not a straight line 1 4 PICC.

27 $\text{♩} = 84$ 1 2 1 30

31 $\text{♩} = 50$ senza battuta battuta $\text{♩} = 60$ to FLUTE 3 1

f

37 1 1 Vln.: 40 FLUTE

43 2 1 4 50 1 Soprano: It's beau-ti - ful. Ev - 'ry - thing moves _____

55 1 1 1 1 1

60 1 1 1

63 fltz. mf

66 6 6 f

69 1 1 1 ff

72 1 2

ff non dim.

IX. Stars

Musical score for flute and piano, page 2. The score consists of eight staves of music, numbered 1 through 40. The flute part is in the upper staff and the piano part is in the lower staff. The key signature varies throughout the piece, with sections in G major, A major, and B major. The tempo is indicated as quarter note = 50. The flute part includes various performance techniques such as vibrato, flz. (flute), NV (no vibrato), and dynamic markings like mp, p, and f. The piano part features trills, sixteenth-note patterns, and dynamic markings like mp, f, and pp. Measure 1 starts with a melodic line in G major, followed by a section in A major (measures 8-10) and B major (measures 16-19). Measures 23-28 show a transition back to G major. Measures 34-40 conclude the page with a final section in B major.

N. B.: *slowly add or reduce multiphonics during the given duration. Increase pressure or loudness as necessary.*

non ritard. al fine

45 4 50 8 1 1 60 9 1 70 4

to ALTO FLUTE

X. Jubilus

$\text{♩} = 58$ Flexible

Soprano: mmm —
ALTO FL.
espress., plaintive

14 1 1 2 10 1 1 20

21 1 1 1 1 5 1

27 fltz. ord. sub. sf mp! <> 3 30 1

31 6 mp f ff urgent, sharp tongue! colla voce NV NV fltz.

36 6 pp!

Flute/ Piccolo/ Alto Flute - An American Decameron

40 (ALTO FL.)

46 FLUTE

50 2 2 NV, thin, weak tone

54 like a moan roll mouthpiece

60 1 1 sempre p

62 2 1 gl.

70 1 1 fltz. 4 80 3

83 Sop.: some-thing we don't know what it is

89 Push forward

90 stop immediately upon Vibraphone entry

95 N. B.

100
 (FLUTE) *con vibrato*

N. B.

106 *f* **110** *fltz.*

112 *fltz., roll mouthpiece slowly* **110** *NV, organ-like, senza vib.* **112** *non cresc.* **1** *to PICC.*

119 **120** *breathy, little pitch* **1** *PICC.* **1** *p* **1** *f* **1** *pp!* **1** *(echo)* **1** *to FLUTE* **1** *FLUTE fltz.* **1** *ten.*

126 **1** *sharp tongue* **1** *to PICC.* **1** **130** *sharp tongue* **1** *PICC.* **1** *f* **1** *(PICC.)* **1** *f*

136 **1** *sharp tongue, very short!* **2** **140** *(PICC.) ten.* **2** **140** *to FLUTE* **3** **1** *pp* **2** **1** *f*

146 *Sop.: [a] — [o] —* *Vibr.:* **150** **1** *FLUTE fltz.* **1** **1** *breathy* **1** *3*

153 **1** *p* **1** *3* **1** *1* **1** *1* **1** **1** **1** **1** **4**

N. B.; attack by overblowing the octave

Performance instructions

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and when tied across the bar-line (to the tied note only)

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(*vib.*) = with vibrato

l. v. or ~, ~ = *laissez vibrer* (let vibrate)

$\approx\approx$ = begin crescendo from nothing (*di niente*)

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 or AFAP = as fast as possible; tremolos are AFAP, **not** measured

 or  = muffle

 = Conducted cue

 = note played as multiphonic (*fingering given*)

glissandi move immediately from the initial pitch and through the entire duration

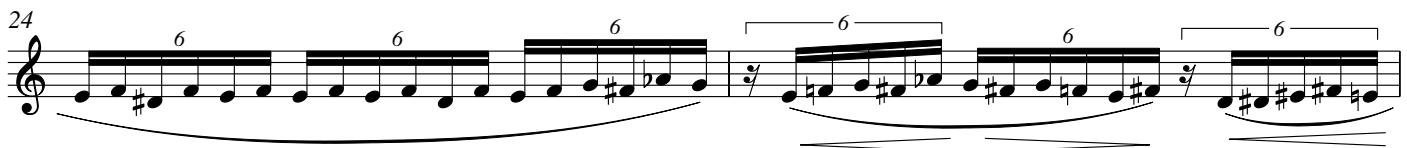
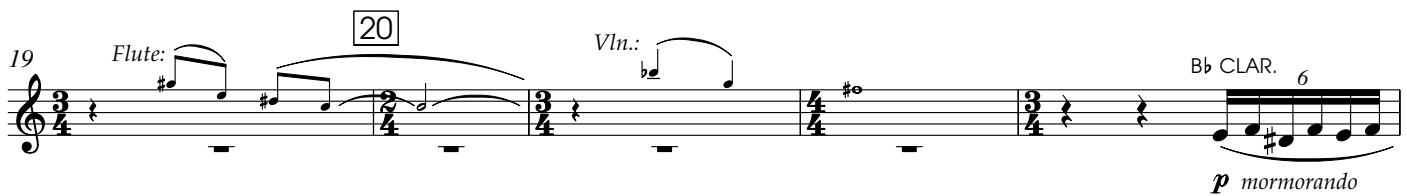
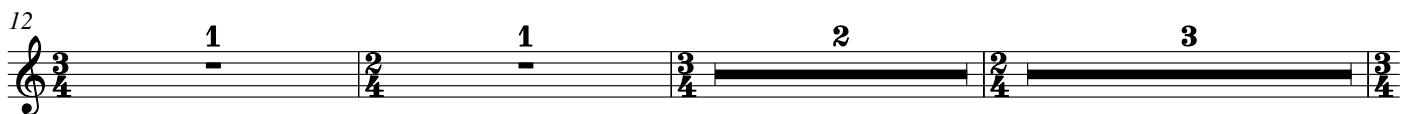
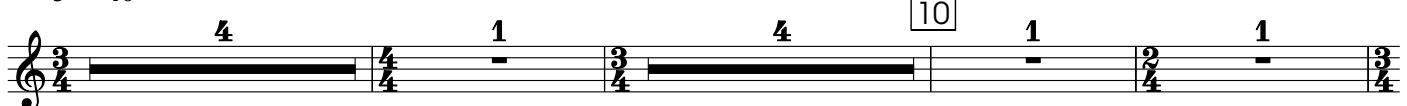
An American Decameron

Songs from the Interviews of Studs Terkel

I. Looking Back

♩ = 40

Richard Felciano



II. Outhouse Economics

Feroce

$\text{♩} = 72$

(1) (2) (3)

(Picc.) (Vln.)

B♭ CLAR. f

$\text{♩} = 72$ **1** **2** **3** *shril* ff

5 **7** **7** NV **sub. mp** **sub. f**

8 **10** **7** **7** **7** **7** f **sub. mp** **(f)**

12 **3** **1** **2** **20** **BASS CL.** **mp**

21 **to B♭ CL.**

25 **senza battuta** **26** **1** **1** **B♭ CL.** **30** **3** **8** **mp espress.**

31 **3** **8** **5** **4** **3** **8** **3** **8** **3** **4** **2**

38 ① senza battuta = 60 battuta

(B♭ CLAR.)

1 *f*

40 **2** **1** **3**

43 Faster, = 84

mp *mf*

45 *mp* *mp*

46 *f* **1** *ppp!*

49 **50** = 60

ff *mf*

53 **5** **6** to BASS CL. **2** **1** **1**

p

64 BASS CL. exaggerate cresc./decresc.

mf

68 B♭ CL. **7**

mp

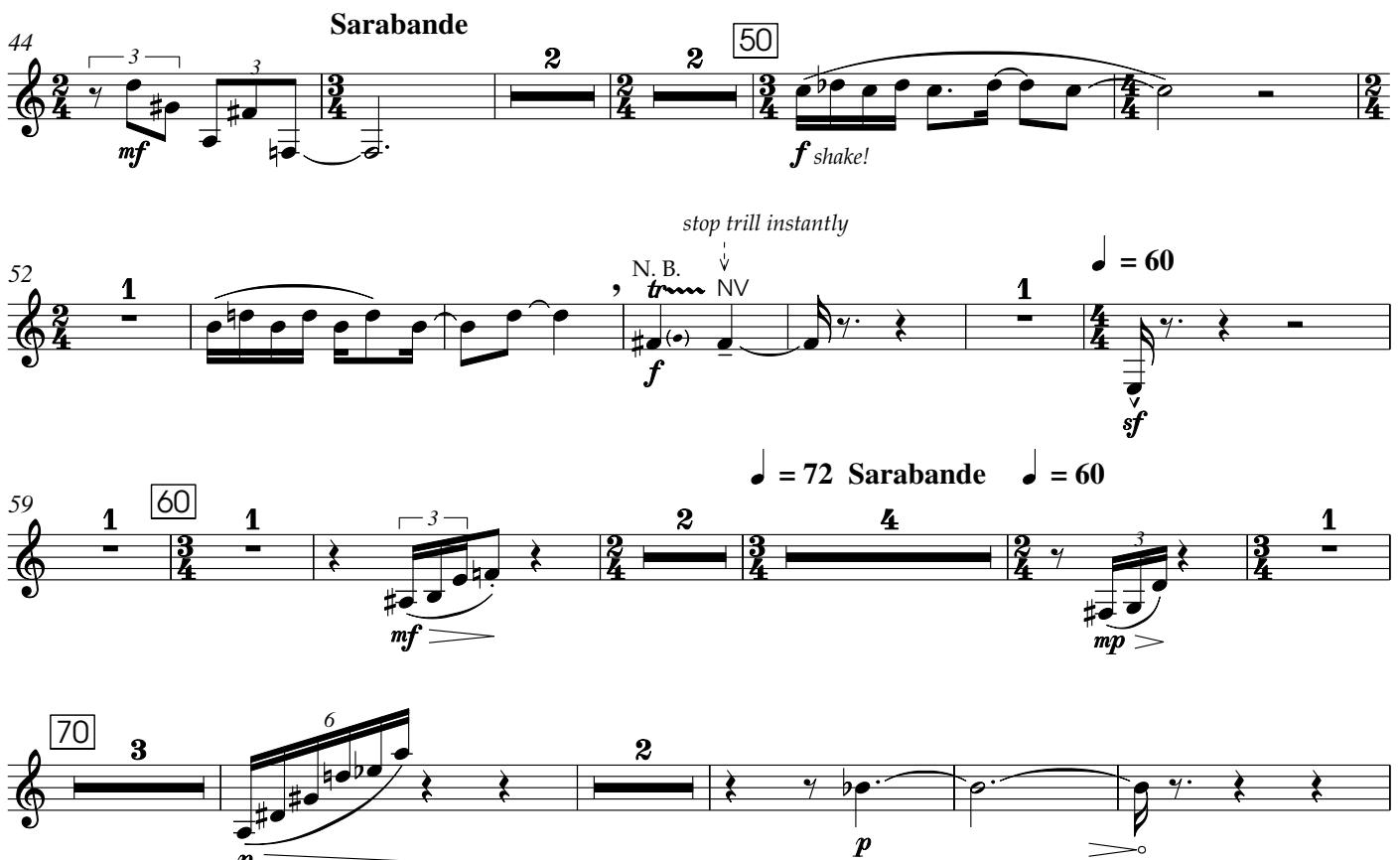
70 senza battuta

N. B.: When a barline, time signature or tempo indication interrupts a figure played AFAP, it is for reference only.

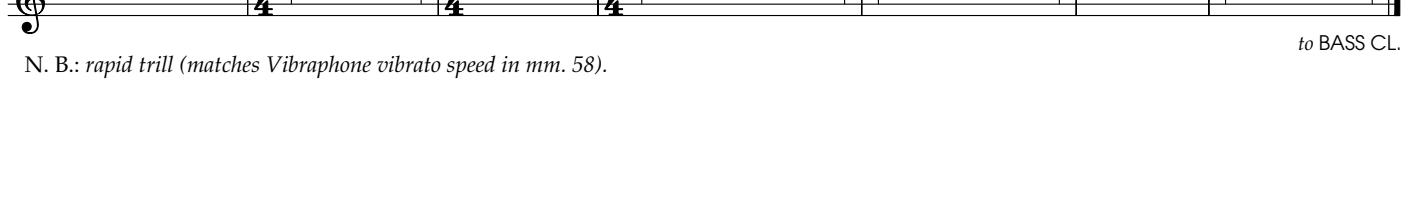
III. Eric Satie for a Cologne Thing

N. B.; multiphonics; start and stop instantly as though by an electrical switch.

Sarabande

44 

52 

59 

Continue without pause

senza battuta $\text{♩} = 60$ battuta $\text{♩} = 72$ Sarabande (Coda)

non rall.! remain motionless Silence

79 

to BASS CL.

N. B.: rapid trill (matches Vibraphone vibrato speed in mm. 58).

IV. Looking Up

$\text{♩} = 60$

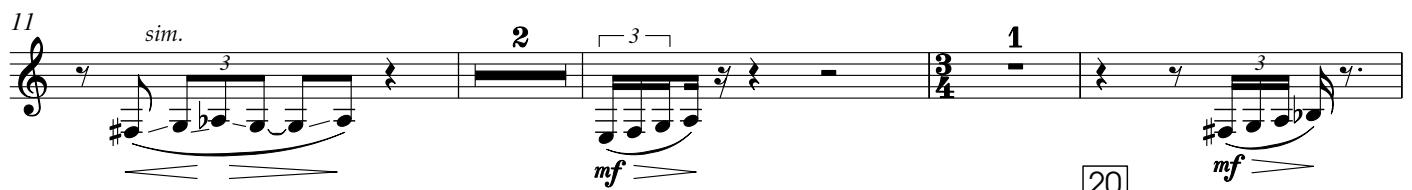
BASS CL.
SOLO

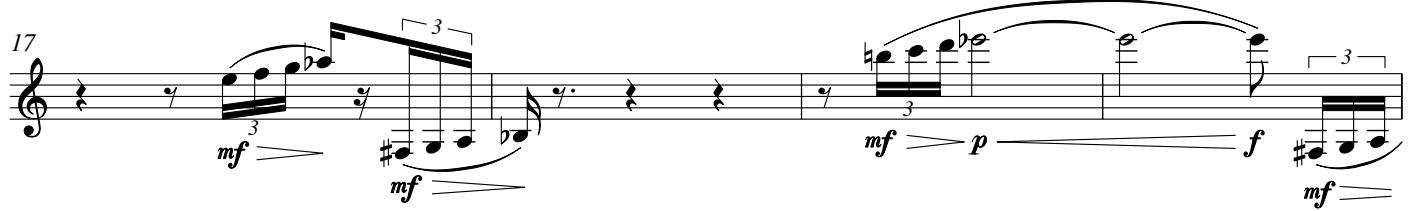
wait! don't rush silences

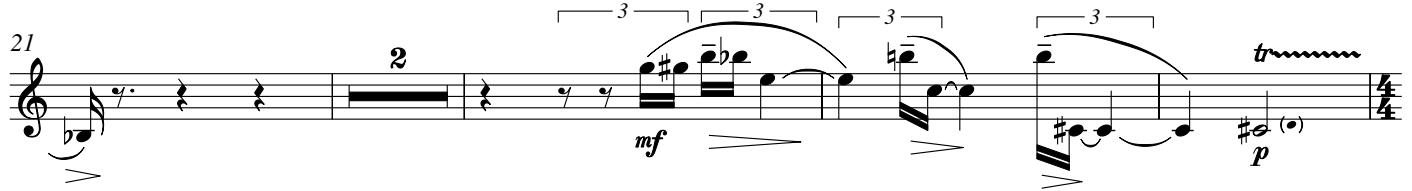


libero - senza battuta **battuta**

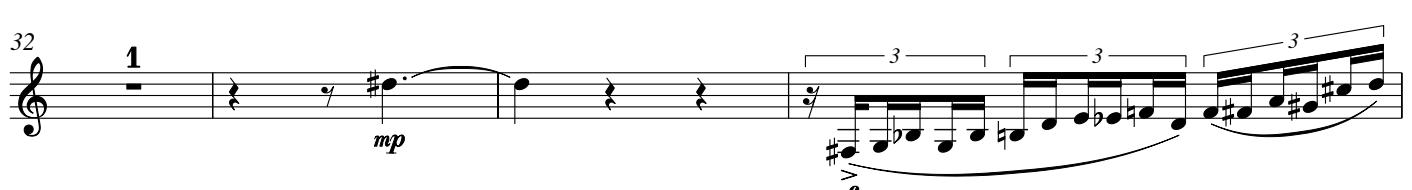
7 (BASS CL.) 

11 sim. 

17 

21 

27 

32 

36 

♩ = 88 Faster

46 

54 (BASS CL.)

$\text{♩} = 60$ Tempo primo

58 SOLO $\text{♩} = 50$ [60] 1 1

62 ff ff 1 1

ff non dim.

$\text{♩} = 72$ Perfectly synchronized; like a swing band
no accent on final notes!

66 mf

69 [70] 1 2 1

$\text{♩} = 60$

$\text{♩} = 72$ (as before)

$\text{♩} = 60$ no ritard. Strict tempo al fine

75 1 1 80 3 to Eb CL.

V. The Streets of Harlem

N. B.: bend pitches from 1st to 2nd note as much as possible.

VI. Tacet

VII. The Same Smile, The Same Open Eyes

BASS CLARINET

to B_b CLAR.

1 **2** **1**

f very short, secco

Bb CL.

mf **f**

10 **4** **1**

ff

16 NV
- **1** **2** **20** **1** **1** NV
mp enter inaudibly molto **f**

25 **sub. p** **vibrato** **p** **1** **30** **1**

31 **mf** **1** **1** **2** **2** **1** **40** **1** **1** **1**
L'istesso tempo **= 42** **mf** **1** **5** **8** **6** **8**
42 **mf** **accel.** **nf** NV **pp** mormorando **6** **6**
(= 42) All parts precisely a tempo coordinated!

47 **5** **6** **p** **6** **5** **6** **6** **6**

49

NV [50] connect to Soprano

pp *f* *molto* *f* *molto*

2 *tr* *tr* 2

Poco più mosso

56 (B♭ CLAR.) to Eb CL. 1 *E♭ CLAR. gl.* *mf*

60 *gl.* *gl.* *tr* *tr* *tr* *tr* *gl.*

64 1 *mp* *mf* > *p* 3 *p* *mf* > *p* 70 *gl.*

71 1 *f* > *f* > 7 80 2 non rall. *to B♭ CLAR.*

VIII. Euclid

VIII. EUCLID

10

B♭ CLAR.

$\text{♩} = 60 \quad \text{♩} = 84$

Fl.: $\text{♩} = 84$ *tr.*

N. B.

battuta $\text{♩} = 44$

battuta $\text{♩} = 44$ to BASS CL.

N. B.: Rests are the same duration as notes

Clarinet/Bass Clarinet/E♭ Clarinet - An American Decameron

18 (Pno.) (2) (Sop.) (3) BASS CL. (4) (5) (Vln.) — Silence —

battuta ♩ = 44

19 Sop.: Is not a [20] straight line 1 4 (BASS CL.)

27 ♩ = 84

[30] ♩ = 50 senza battuta to B♭ CLAR.

battuta ♩ = 60

33 3 1 4 1 3 1 Vln.: [40] B♭ CLAR. mf accented!

43 1 4 1 50 1 Soprano: It's beau - ti - ful. Ev - 'ry-thing moves —

55 tr 1 4 1 60 1

61 f 7 f 7 mf

Musical score for B-flat Clarinet, page 10, measures 65-71.

Measure 65: Treble clef, key signature of B-flat major (two sharps). Dynamics: *f*. Articulation: slurs. Fingerings: 5, 3, 5, 3.

Measure 66: Treble clef, key signature of B-flat major (two sharps). Dynamics: *mf*, *f*. Articulation: slurs. Fingerings: 5, 3.

Measure 67: Treble clef, key signature of B-flat major (two sharps). Dynamics: *ff*. Articulation: slurs. Fingerings: 5, 3, 7, 7.

Measure 68: Treble clef, key signature of B-flat major (two sharps). Dynamics: *ff*. Articulation: slurs. Fingerings: 5, 3, 7, 7.

Measure 69: Treble clef, key signature of B-flat major (two sharps). Dynamics: *ff*. Articulation: slurs. Fingerings: 5, 3, 7, 7.

Measure 70: Treble clef, key signature of B-flat major (two sharps). Dynamics: *ff*. Articulation: slurs. Fingerings: 5, 3, 7, 7.

Measure 71: Treble clef, key signature of B-flat major (two sharps). Dynamics: *sff non dim.*, *ff*. Articulation: slurs. Fingerings: 5, 3, 7, 7. Performance instruction: *to BASS CL.*

IX. Tacet

X. Jubilus

$\text{♩} = 58$ Flexible

5 1 1 1 1

[10] 1 Soprano: mmm _____ [a] 2

Musical score for strings and woodwind section. The score consists of two systems of music. The first system starts with a dynamic of $\frac{3}{4}$ time signature, followed by a measure in $\frac{2}{4}$ time signature. The second system begins with a dynamic of $\frac{3}{4}$ time signature, followed by a measure in $\frac{4}{4}$ time signature.

24

Vlc.: 6

Alto Fl.: 6

30

1 **1** **4** **2** **3** **4** **3** **4** **3**

Sop.: joy [o] great joy great joy great joy _____

35 BASS CLAR. NV

f but precise and organ-like; even dynamics

[40] to B♭ CLAR.

p

1 1 2 B♭ CLAR.

p distant, plaintive

47

[50] N. B. NV, like an electronic signal

1 1 pp!

54

59

[60] sempre **p**

66 1 1 1 2

[70] <>

release with Sop.

75 3 3 senza battuta, libero

Sop.: some-thing we don't know — whait

mf

86 is 1 1 Push forward

mf

N. B.: soft and dry, mechanical, with none of the dynamic shading used by the other instruments.

Clarinet/ Bass Clarinet/E♭ Clarinet - An American Decameron

N. B.; *in the following section remain unaffected by interjections from other instruments*

Performance instructions

Accidentals are valid throughout the measure (at the same pitch level)
and when tied across the bar-line (to the tied note only)

NV = no vibrato

(*vib.*) = with vibrato

l. v. or ~, ~ = *laissez vibrer* (let vibrate)

$\approx\approx$ = begin crescendo from nothing (*di niente*)

$\approx\circ$ = decrescendo to nothing (*a niente*)

 or AFAP = as fast as possible; tremolos are AFAP, **not** measured

 or  = muffle

 = Conducted cue

 = slap (Bartók) *pizzicato*

glissandi move immediately from the initial pitch and through the entire duration

An American Decameron

Songs from the Interviews of Studs Terkel

I. Looking Back

Richard Felciano

1

7 touch node briefly sul pont. ord. 10 (ord.) NV **p** sul pont. ord. NV

12 VIB. tr. non tr. tr. non tr. III II

19 III II 20 sul pont. 6 ord. pp p dolce III

25 tr. NV tr. sul pont. pizz., ord. foreground sub. mf f sub. ff mf

30 arco both pitches distinct mp dolce 1 1 1 match soprano dynamic release together

II. Outhouse Economics

Feroce

1 1

f

1 1

5

5

f 9 NV
sub.mp

7 pizz.
sub.ff 1 arco 9 9

10 $\text{♩} = 60$
sub.mp (mp)

14 pizz. arco pizz. arco, spiccato 5 1 1

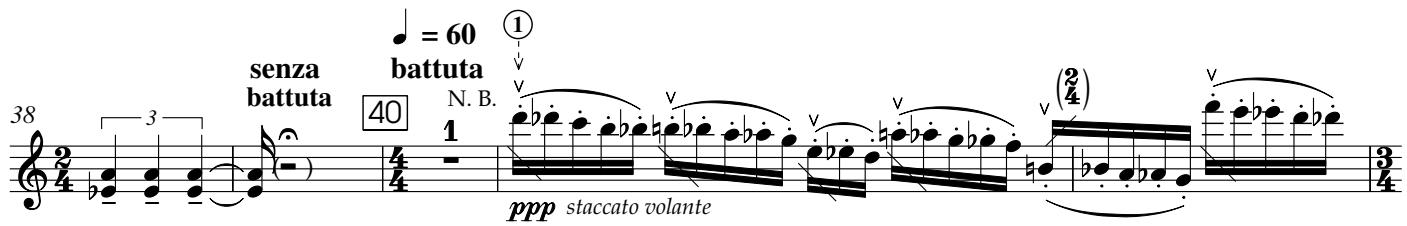
19 mp 20 3 1 1 punto d'arco
p

25 senza battuta N. B.: ($\text{♩} = 60$ battuta) 5 1 pizz.
mf 3 8 mp

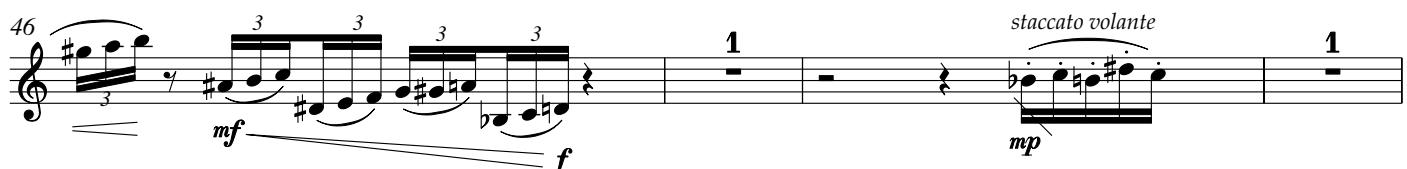
29 arco, sul pont.
ricochet 30 1 3 8 ord. f 5 4 3 8

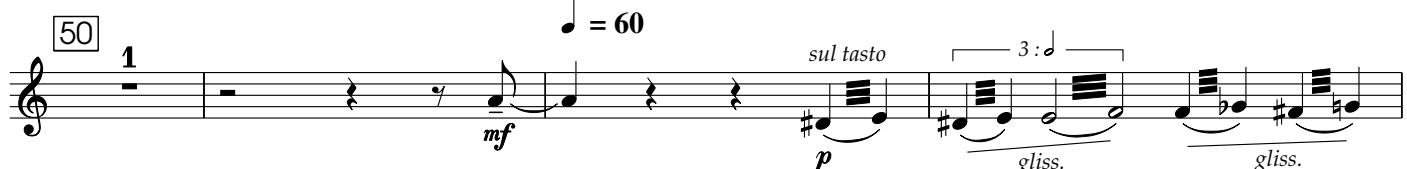
33 $\text{♩} = 152$ 2 $\text{♩} = 152$ $\text{♩} = 60$ NV, louré
f 3 8 f 3 4 2 mf

N. B.: When a time signature or barline interrupts a figure played AFAP, it is for reference only

38 senza battuta $\text{♩} = 60$ ①
battuta 40 N. B. 1


(43) Faster, $\text{♩} = 84$


46 $\text{♩} = 60$ staccato volante


50 $\text{♩} = 60$ sul tasto 3 : ♩


54 3 : ♩ gliss.


57 $\text{♩} = 60$ sul tasto ————— \rightarrow sul pont.
 dim. with Soprano 2 60 sul pont.


62 1 3 1 1 pizz. \diamond


① senza battuta
 ↓
 arco, sul pont.
 70 ord. 2 $\text{♩} = 72$ battuta
 pizz. 2 1
 1 5 16 3 14
 Stop on cue
 mf molto legato \downarrow

N. B.: Always upbow, pause only long enough to return bow to starting position. Make no attempt to synchronize.

III. Eric Satie for a Cologne Thing

$\text{♩} = 66$

senza battuta $\text{♩} = 60$

12 $\text{♩} = 72$ Faster arco, alla punta; molto sul pont.

13 $\text{♩} = 60$ battuta (22) (23) (24)

28 Sop.: How much will it cost us? ord. $\text{♩} = 60$ battuta (28) (29) (30)

34 libero $\text{♩} = 60$ battuta sul pont.

N. B.: not synchronized with Violoncello or the Conductor, play AFAP to end of figure.

Violin - An American Decameron

6 40

Silence sotto voce e scorrevole Silence $\text{♩} = 72$

39 sul pont. p 1 pizz., ord. 1

Sarabande

44 arco 2 2 50 f shake! stop trill instantly

52 3 N. B. NV 1

58 $\text{♩} = 60$ 60 gliss. trill gliss.

63 $f \geqslant p!$ Sarabande $\text{♩} = 72$ arco $\text{♩} = 60$ sul pont. ppp

71 Continue without pause senza battuta $\text{♩} = 60$ battuta

79 80 sul pont. mf

83 $\text{♩} = 72$ Sarabande (Coda) sul pont. 90 non rall.! Silence remain motionless

N. B.: rapid trill (matches Vibraphone vibrato speed in mm. 58).

IV. Looking Up

$\text{♩} = 60$

Bass Cl.: *libero
senza battuta* [10] 5

Sop.: A u - ni - form

15 5 [20] 4 Bass Cl.: 3 3 3 tr. 3 2

30 5 Vc.: 7 7 4 [40] 3 1 Vibr.: 3 2

$\text{♩} = 88$ Faster

45 1 2 [50] 6 Vibr.: 3 2

$\text{♩} = 60$ Tempo primo

Vc.: 3 6 1 sul pont. 60 mp ord. tr. p

$\text{♩} = 72$ Perfectly synchronized; like a swing band
no accent on final notes!

62 1 1 1 1 mf

$\text{♩} = 60$ 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2

69 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2

$\text{♩} = 72$ (as before)

$\text{♩} = 60$ no ritard. Strict tempo al fine

76 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 N. B. mf secco

N. B.: strum across strings, low to high; with L.H. deaden strings completely so that no pitch is heard. Strum evenly and not too fast. Louder than Flute.

V. The Streets of Harlem

$\text{♩} = 84$

1 2 4 1 1 10 2

$\text{♩} = 50$

12

I

pp

17

NV

gl.

(b)

1 1 1

20

3

1

24

NV

sul pont.

pp

f

4

30

flautando

3

pp

31

3

3

ord.

2

p

enter behind Flute

pp

37

semper pp

40

5

45

sul tasto gl.

1

N. B. □ V

sul tasto → pont.

ff p

sul tasto → V

ff pp ! (cresc. stays behind Sop.)

N. B.: slow bows, bear down so there is a lot of noise in the sound when the bridge is reached; stop the bow **on** the string to prevent resonance.

50

49 *sul pont.* *sul tasto* *sul pont.* *sul tasto* *sul pont.*

Coda, a tempo

52 *Soprano: I'd walk* the streets of Har-lem —

2 **1** **2** **1** **4** **4**

59 *alla punta, molto sul pont.*

60

65 *alla punta, molto sul pont.*

70 *slowly becoming agitated and fierce* *ord.*

71 *as before* *ord.* *sul pont.* *ord.*

73 *f* *sul pont.* *ord.*

75 *3* *ten.* *3*

77 *sul pont., gliss con vib.* *All players remain motionless*

1

VI. No Place to Go

♩ = 56

Drone: senza espressione

The musical score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It contains six measures of music, each ending with a vertical bar line. The bottom staff shows a bass clef and a common time signature. It also contains six measures of music, each ending with a vertical bar line. Measures 1-3 of both staves are identical, featuring a dotted half note followed by a quarter note. Measures 4-6 of both staves are identical, featuring a dotted half note followed by a quarter note.

pp emphasize timbral differences.

Musical score for piano, page 6, measures 9-10. The score consists of two staves. The left staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It contains measures 9 through 10, which are identical. Each measure begins with a dotted half note followed by a half note. Measures 9 and 10 are labeled "NV". The right staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. It contains measures 9 through 10, which are identical. Each measure begins with a dotted half note followed by a half note. Measures 9 and 10 are labeled "NV". Measure 10 is boxed.

11

III II IV III II *harm. gl.* II III *trill* IV III

NV NV NV NV NV NV NV NV NV NV

N. B. (1)

Rocking – release separately

Musical score for page 15, measures 15-20. The score consists of two staves. The top staff starts with a forte dynamic (f) and a measure number 15. It includes instruction II, a grace note pattern, a measure number 2, and a vibrato instruction. The bottom staff starts with a measure number 20 enclosed in a box. It features a bass clef, a 3/4 time signature, a bassoon clef, and dynamics mp.

A musical score for piano, page 10, system 22. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef and a common time signature. The music begins with a forte dynamic. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic followed by a half note rest. Measures 2-3 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 4-5 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 6-7 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 8-9 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 10-11 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 12-13 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 14-15 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 16-17 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 18-19 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 20-21 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 22-23 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 24-25 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 26-27 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 28-29 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 30-31 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 32-33 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 34-35 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 36-37 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 38-39 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 40-41 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 42-43 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 44-45 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 46-47 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 48-49 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 50-51 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 52-53 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 54-55 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 56-57 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 58-59 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 60-61 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 62-63 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 64-65 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 66-67 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 68-69 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 70-71 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 72-73 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 74-75 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 76-77 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 78-79 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 80-81 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 82-83 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 84-85 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 86-87 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 88-89 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 90-91 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 92-93 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 94-95 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 96-97 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 98-99 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 100-101 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 102-103 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 104-105 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 106-107 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 108-109 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 110-111 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 112-113 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 114-115 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 116-117 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 118-119 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 120-121 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 122-123 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 124-125 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 126-127 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 128-129 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 130-131 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 132-133 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 134-135 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 136-137 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 138-139 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 140-141 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 142-143 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 144-145 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 146-147 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 148-149 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 150-151 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 152-153 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 154-155 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 156-157 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 158-159 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 160-161 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 162-163 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 164-165 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 166-167 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 168-169 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 170-171 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 172-173 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 174-175 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 176-177 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 178-179 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 180-181 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 182-183 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 184-185 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 186-187 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 188-189 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 190-191 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 192-193 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 194-195 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 196-197 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 198-199 show eighth-note patterns. Measures 200-201 show eighth-note patterns.

Musical score for piano, page 10, measures 37-40. The score consists of two staves. The left staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Measure 37 starts with a dynamic *p* and a grace note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 38 continues with a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 39 begins with a dynamic *p*. Measure 40 starts with a dynamic *p*. The right staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. Measures 37-38 correspond to the bass line on the right staff. Measures 39-40 correspond to the bass line on the right staff.

N. B. (1):—(mm. 15) touch node, these notes will be produced

(2) (mm. 35 - 40) Left-hand pizzicato is muffled immediately with finger.

42 *angry attack, but molto dim.*

46 *ff* II I III III 1
ff *mp (vib.)* *p* *pp distant, plaintive* 50

51 *sul pont.* *ord., dolce*
sub. f *5 angry* *mp*

55

59 *poco* *pp I* *port. mp*

62 NV *gl.* *sul pont.* *ord. NV* *pp!* 70
mp *f angry* *ca. 50, take your time!*

65 NV *jeté sul pont.* 1 1 *con sord., ord.*
mp *vibrato e espress.* *sim.*

72 *without ritard!* *very long*
slowly fade away

VII. The Same Smile, The Same Open Eyes

a tempo (♩ = 42)
All parts precisely coordinated!

45

49 [50]

52

55

Poco più mosso

60

63

66

70 2

72

70 2

molto sul pont.

72 6

Picc.: >>> pizz.

80 pizz.

non rall.

deaden strings immediately

72 1

ff

mf secco, distinto

no resonance

VIII. Euclid

Fluid, without accent

(1) (♩ = 60)
sul pont. (4) (Bongo, Piano) ♩ = 84
pp 3

Soprano: Ev - - 'ry - thing moves
 6 1 1 10
p

11 1 1'' after Clarinet stops
senza battuta ord.
p

(12) (4) (Sop.) (5) (Vc. pizz.)
battuta ♩ = 44 con sord., spiccato, leggiero (non-synchronized)
 13 3
p

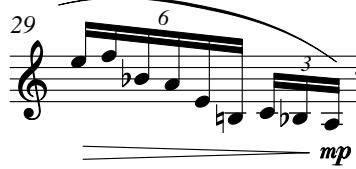
16 (4) (Sop.) (1) (Pno.) battuta ♩ = 44 senza battuta
ord. (5)

(18) (2) (3) (4) Silence (5) 4''
 (Sop.) (Fl.) (Sop.) senza sord.
f

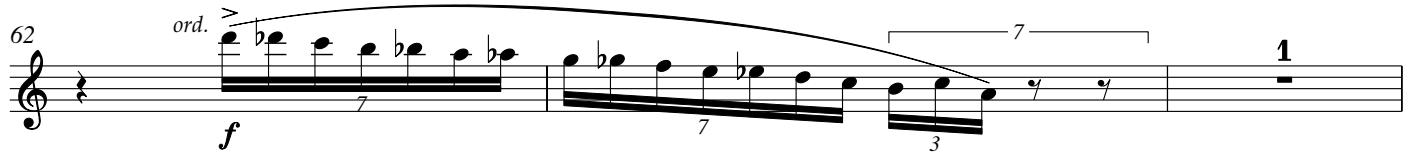
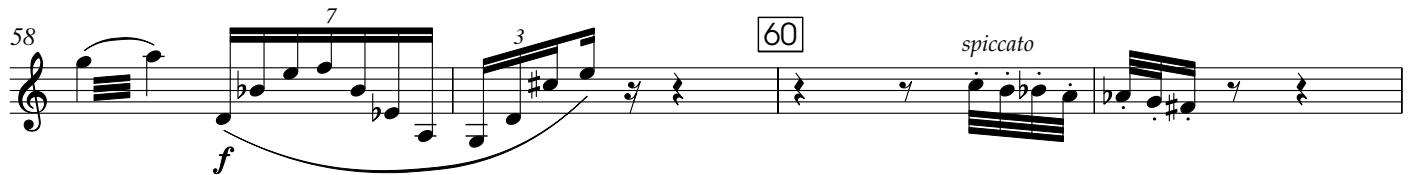
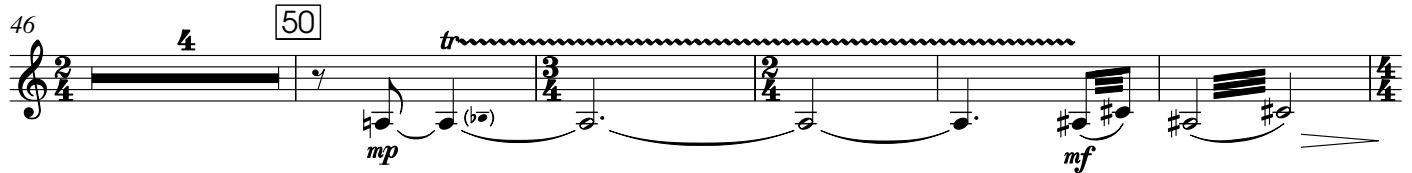
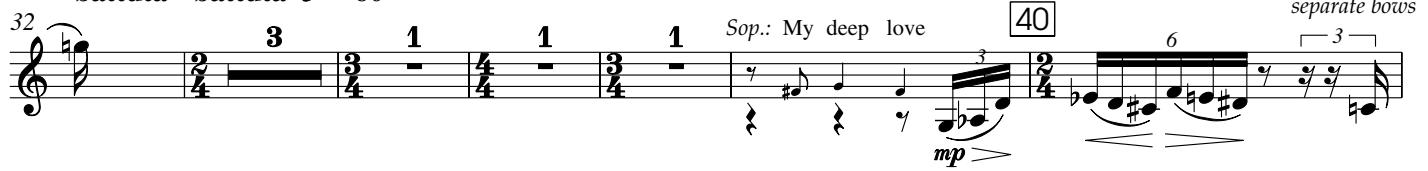
19 battuta ♩ = 44 1 20 2 3 2

24 *pizz., resonant, laissez vibrer*

= 84

1 arco
mp
6
mf 6

= 50



N. B.: *Play as legato as possible to mm. 71.*

IX. Tacet

X. Jubilus

A. Ondřej

Soprano: mmm _____

Tempo: ♩ = 58 Flexible

Measure 1: 5 (long note), 2 (short note), 1 (short note), 3 (short note), 1 (short note), 4 (short note), 1 (short note), - (rest), γ (tie), note with sharp symbol (sharp), - (rest)

Musical score for soprano voice, page 10, measure 1. The vocal line begins with a rest followed by a dynamic instruction "Sop.: mmm". The vocal part consists of eighth-note patterns, some with grace notes. The key signature changes between G major (two sharps) and A major (one sharp). Measure 1 ends with a fermata over the first note of measure 2.

Musical score for strings and woodwind section. The strings play eighth-note chords in eighth-note time. The woodwind section (Vcl.) plays eighth-note patterns in sixteenth-note time. The score includes dynamic markings like \times , $\#$, and \flat , and performance instructions like "3" above the notes.

Musical score for measures 19 through 30. The key signature is G major (one sharp). Measure 19 starts with a bass note followed by a rest. Measure 20 begins with a bass note, followed by a rest, then a bass note, another rest, and finally a bass note. Measures 21 through 24 show a pattern of bass notes, rests, and bass notes. Measures 25 through 28 continue this pattern. Measures 29 and 30 conclude the section with a bass note, a rest, and a bass note.

71 *start with bow on the string, bear down*
NV
f

75 *molto sul pont.*
3 [80] **2**
mp silvery

82 *molto sul pont.*
pp spiccato, leggiero
stop abruptly at barline
(83) **senza battuta, libero**
1

85 *harmonic gliss. ord.*
1 **1** **mf**
mp not too fast

[90] **Push forward** *sul pont. jeté*
1 **1** *ord.* **mf**

95 *stop immediately upon Vibraphone entry*
N. B. **p** *sul pont.*
IV (5) **3** **mf** **mp**

99 I **100** *pizz., ord.* **1** **1** (pizz.)
mp **mf** **3**

104 *arco* **pp** **f** *con sord.* **6** *senza sord.* **2**
N. B.; harmonics, along any string, not too fast

110

NV, organ-like, senza vib.

mf, but intense

mf

116

non cresc.

124

con vib.

p *f*

mp espress.

ff

130

ff

138

pizz.

mf

ff

142

f

146

f

ff

153

ff

Performance instructions

Accidentals are valid throughout the measure (at the same pitch level)
and when tied across the bar-line (to the tied note only)

NV = no vibrato

(*vib.*) = with vibrato

l. v. or ~, ~ = *laissez vibrer* (let vibrate)

$\approx\approx$ = begin crescendo from nothing (*di niente*)

$\approx\circ$ = decrescendo to nothing (*a niente*)

 or AFAP = as fast as possible; tremolos are AFAP, **not** measured

 or  = muffle

 = Conducted cue

 = slap (Bartók) *pizzicato*

glissandi move immediately from the initial pitch and through the entire duration

An American Decameron

Songs from the Interviews of Studs Terkel

I. Looking Back

Richard Felciano

Soprano:
list - ning —

A musical score for the soprano voice, page 10. The tempo is marked as ♩ = 40. The score consists of a single staff with a bass clef, a 3/4 time signature, and a key signature of one sharp. The vocal line begins with a rest followed by a dotted half note, then continues with eighth-note patterns. The vocal line ends with a single eighth note followed by a fermata. Measure numbers 4, 1, 3, 4, 10, 1, 2, 1, 3, 1, 2, 1 are indicated above the staff. The vocal line concludes with a single eighth note followed by a fermata.

26 **tr** NV **tr** NV VIB. *pizz.* 1 **mf**

sub. mf **f** **mp** (non dim.) **p**

30

match Soprano dynamic
arco

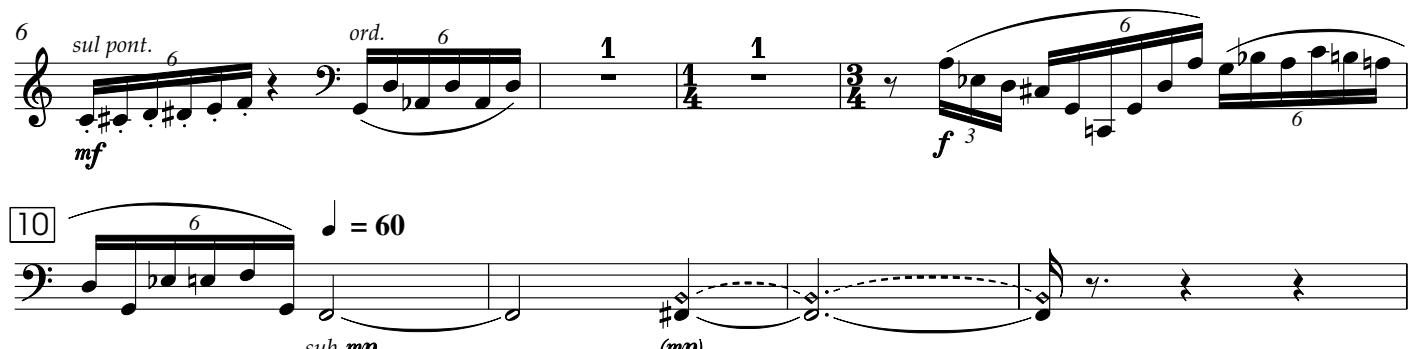
via sord.
mp

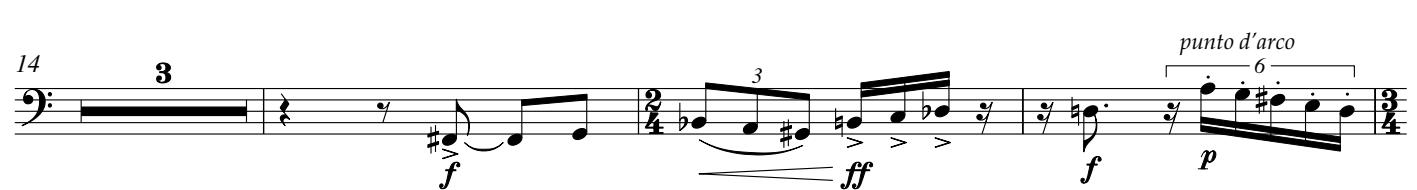
release together

II. Outhouse Economics

Musical score for orchestra, page 2, measures 1-2. The score includes two staves. The top staff shows a bassoon part with dynamics *pizz.*, *mp!*, *f*, and *f*. The bottom staff shows a cello part with dynamics *pizz.*, *gl.*, *(f)*, and *arco*. The tempo is $\text{♩} = 72$. The key signature changes from F major to B major . Measure 2 begins with a dynamic *N. B.: $\left(\frac{2}{4}\right) (-)$* .

N. B.: When a time signature interrupts a figure played AFAP, it is for reference only.

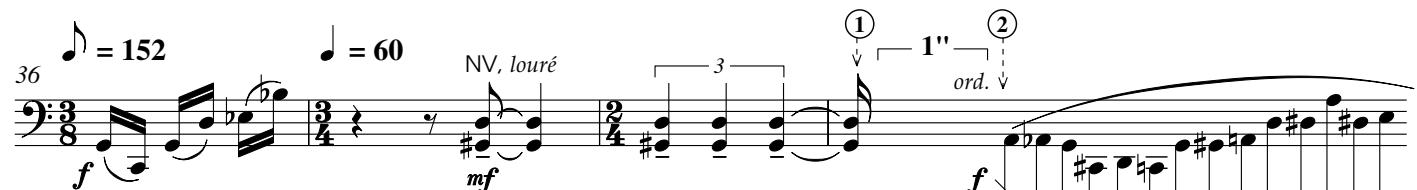
6 *sul pont.* *ord.* 6


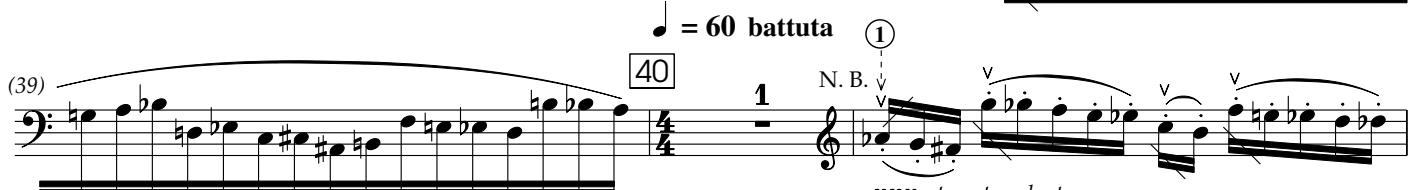
10 6 $\text{J} = 60$


14 3 $\text{J} = 60$ *punto d'arco* 6


20 *pizz.* 1


25 1 *con sord., sul tasto* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.* *tr.*


30 *ord.* 6 $\text{J} = 152$ I $\text{J} = 60$ $\text{J} = 152$ $\text{J} = 60$ 2


35 $\text{J} = 152$ $\text{J} = 60$ NV, louré $\text{J} = 60$ battuta 1 1'' 2


39 $\text{J} = 60$ battuta 1 N. B. 1 1'' 2


N. B.: always upbow, pause only long enough to return bow to starting position. Make no attempt to synchronize.

45

47 1 6 1 50

ff roughly

52 $\text{♩} = 60$

ff

55 3 6 3 60 1

ff pesante

senza battuta

62 3 1 2 $f!$ *brusquely*

mf molto legato

Stop on cue

66 1 70 1 2

ord.

67 1 70 1 2

sul pont.

68 1 70 1 2

ord.

69 1 70 1 2

pizz.

70 1 70 1 2

(f) resonant!

71 1 2 1 ord. \longrightarrow *sul pont.*

mp

72 1 2 1 f

73 1 2 1 f

ord.

74 1 2 1 f

mp

75 1 2 1 f

pizz.

76 1 2 1 f

(f) resonant!

77 1 2 1 f

78 1 2 1 f

79 1 2 1 f

80 1 2 1 f

L'istesso tempo

86 1 2 1 f

arco

mf

87 1 2 1 f

88 1 2 1 f

89 1 2 1 f

90 1 2 1 f

94 2 1 Soprano:
less and less _____

100

101 sul pont. 5
2 ord.
sub. *ff* *mf* *sf*

106 $\text{♩} = 60$
1 1 1 110
mf *mf* *f*

111 5 5
sub. *p*

113 7
f *mf* *tr.* 1 1
senza battuta

117 1 1 1 120 1 1 1 1 1
sul pont.
ff

123 4 1 1 130 1 1 1 1
sul tasto *v* *sul pont.*
p *ff* *ff* *mp*
ord., louré 3 3

132 1 2

III. Eric Satie for a Cologne Thing

10 $\text{♩} = 60$

senza battuta Mus - - ic — mus - - ic —

14 $\text{♩} = 72$ Faster

sul pont. 3 *ord.* 3 *sul pont.* 3 *ord.* 3 *sul pont.*

18 N. B. ① \downarrow *alla punta; molto sul pont.*

25 **3** *Sop.: How much will it cost us? ord.*

30

31 *sul pont.* **libero** $\text{♩} = 60$ **battuta**

37 *ord., pizz.* **Silence** **40** *sotto voce e scorrevole* *sul pont.* **Silence** *2"*

41 *ord.* **Sarabande**

N. B.: *not synchronized with Violin or the Conductor, play AFAP to end of figure.*

50

N. B.: rapid trill (matches Vibraphone vibrato speed in mm. 58).

IV. Looking Up

Bass Cl.: *(arco) gl. gl. gl. sim.* **Sop.: A** *u - ni - form*

battuta [10] *(ord.) → sul pont.* **pizz., ord.** *ff resonant*

[14] *ff* *gl. gl.* *arco 3* *mf* *mf resonant*

[18] *pizz. gl. (b.)* [20] *pizz. gl.*

[23] *arco 3* *sul pont.* [30] *(sul pont.) 3*

[28] *sub.f* *ord. 5* *mp*

[31] *sul pont. 6* [35] *7* *7* *7* **Sop.: to wear?"**

[40] *4* *2*

$\bullet = 88$ Faster

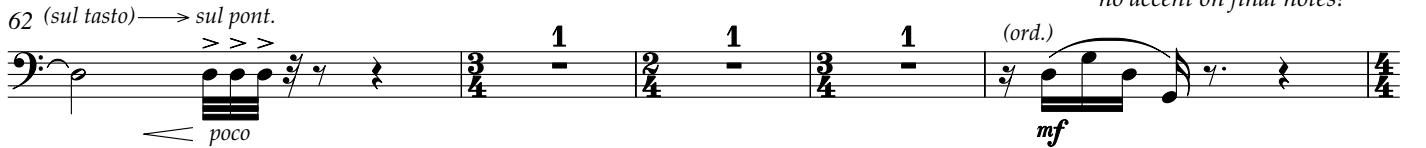
43 

49 *sul pont.* [50] *pizz., ord.*

$\bullet = 60$ Tempo primo

54 

59 $\bullet = 50$ NV, ord. [60] *sul pont.* *ord, con vibrato* *pizz.* $\bullet = 72$ *Perfectly synchronized; like a swing band*
no accent on final notes!

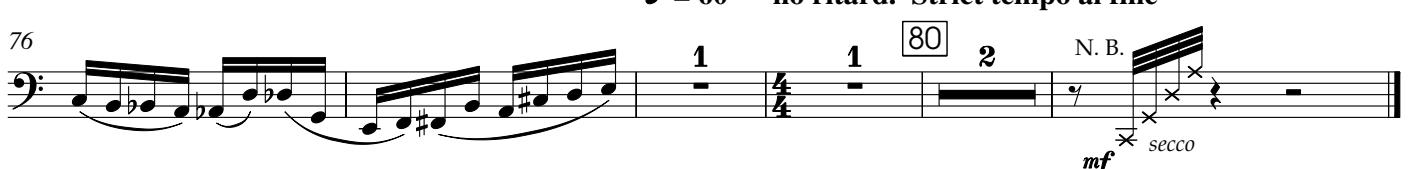
62 (*sul tasto*) \rightarrow *sul pont.* 

67 

$\bullet = 60$ $\bullet = 72$ (as before)

70 

$\bullet = 60$ no ritard. Strict tempo al fine

76 

N. B.: strum across strings, low to high; with L.H. deaden strings completely so that no pitch is heard. Strum evenly and not too fast. Louder than Flute.

V. The Streets of Harlem

$\text{♩} = 84$ $\text{♩} = 50$

10 Soprano: old - er peo-ple —

12 A - bout he - roes *sul tasto* ————— \Rightarrow *sul pont.*
p *molto ff*

17 *sul pont.* *ord.* b^{\flat} *gl.* b^{\flat} *gl.* 20 3 1
f *pp* b^{\flat}

24 *pizz.* 4 *arco* 30
ff resonant *f* *p!*

31 *mf* NV NV, non trill NV, non trill 1
f long slow dim. a niente

36 NV *pp* *pp* con vibrato *mp*

40 4 *ff* 3 N. B. b^{\flat} *sul tasto* ————— \Rightarrow *sul pont.* *sul tasto* \Rightarrow *b*
ff p *ff* *ff p* *ff* *ff p* <

49 *sul pont.* 50 *sul tasto* ————— \Rightarrow *sul pont.* *sul tasto* ————— \Rightarrow *sul pont.* 2
ff *ff p* *ff* *ff p* *ff*

N. B.: slow bows, bear down so there is a lot of noise in the sound when the bridge is reached; stop the bow **on** the string to prevent resonance.

Soprano:
coun - try what _____ it is
54 **Coda, a tempo** *Flute:* *N. B.*

58 **60** *arco, ord., alla punta*
molto sul pont. **1** **1** **1** **1**
2 **3** **8** **4**
pp

65 *alla punta, molto sul pont.* **1** **2** *sul pont.* *slowly becoming agitated and fierce*
mf *p* *mf* *p*

70 **70** *ord.* *ff*

72 *spiccato* *ord.* *f*

74 *ff* *mf*

75 *sul pont.* *pizz., ord.* *3* *ff* *f* *3*

77 *gl.* *3* *fff* *brutale* *sul pont.* *pesante* **1** *All players remain motionless*

N. B.: battuto col legno, deaden strings so no resonance occurs. A dry pitchess sound.

VII. The Same Smile, The Same Open Eyes

$\text{♩} = 60$ Sprightly $\text{♩} = 50$ $\text{♩} = 72$ Faster

[10] $\text{♩} = 50$

15 $\text{arco, gliss. (Sul Re)}$

23 Cl.: $\text{separate bows, harsh}$

28 ord. Sul Re slow gliss. (C)

32 $\text{♩} = 42$ $\text{♩} = 126$

41 L'istesso tempo $\text{♩} = 42$ accel.

46 a tempo (♩ = 42) All parts precisely coordinated!

Poco più mosso

62

65

70

76

80

Fluid, without accent ($\text{♩} = 60$)

VIII. Euclid

1 (Vln.) \downarrow 2 (Vln.) \downarrow (4) (Bongo, Pno.) (2) $\text{♩} = 84$

6 5 2 10 1 (11) (12)

16 (12) (Sop.) (13) 3

17 1 2 2 2 3 4 5

19 1 20 2 2 mf pizz., resonant, laissez vibrer

26 1 2

Measure 1: Violin 1 (1) and Violin 2 (2) play eighth-note patterns. Bongo and Piano play eighth-note patterns. Measure 2: Violin 1 (4) plays eighth-note patterns. Measure 3: Violin 2 (2) plays eighth-note patterns at $\text{♩} = 84$. Measure 6: Bassoon (5) plays eighth-note patterns. Measure 10: Bassoon (6) plays eighth-note patterns. Measures 11-12: Bassoon (11) and Bassoon (12) play eighth-note patterns. Measure 13: Bassoon (13) plays eighth-note patterns. Measure 16: Bassoon (1) plays eighth-note patterns with dynamic *p*, instruction: *arco, con sord., spiccato, leggiero (non-synchronized)*. Measure 17: Bassoon (2) plays eighth-note patterns with dynamic *f*, instruction: *senza battuta*. Measures 18-19: Bassoon (3) and Bassoon (4) play eighth-note patterns. Measure 20: Bassoon (5) plays eighth-note patterns. Measure 26: Bassoon (26) plays eighth-note patterns with dynamic *pp* and instruction: *legato, arco, sul pont.*

battuta $\text{♩} = 44$

16 *mp*

17 *ord.* **18** **19** **20** **21** **22** **23** **24** **25** **26** **27** **28** **29** **30** **31** **32** **33** **34** **35** **36** **37** **38** **39** **40** **41** **42** **43** **44** **45** **46** **47** **48** **49** **50** **51** **52** **53** **54** **55** **56** **57** **58** **59** **60** **61** **62** **63** **64** **65** **66** **67** **68** **69** **70** **71** **72** **73** **74** **75** **76** **77** **78** **79** **80** **81** **82** **83** **84** **85** **86** **87** **88** **89** **90** **91** **92** **93** **94** **95** **96** **97** **98** **99** **100** **101** **102** **103** **104** **105** **106** **107** **108** **109** **110** **111** **112** **113** **114** **115** **116** **117** **118** **119** **120** **121** **122** **123** **124** **125** **126** **127** **128** **129** **130** **131** **132** **133** **134** **135** **136** **137** **138** **139** **140** **141** **142** **143** **144** **145** **146** **147** **148** **149** **150** **151** **152** **153** **154** **155** **156** **157** **158** **159** **160** **161** **162** **163** **164** **165** **166** **167** **168** **169** **170** **171** **172** **173** **174** **175** **176** **177** **178** **179** **180** **181** **182** **183** **184** **185** **186** **187** **188** **189** **190** **191** **192** **193** **194** **195** **196** **197** **198** **199** **200** **201** **202** **203** **204** **205** **206** **207** **208** **209** **210** **211** **212** **213** **214** **215** **216** **217** **218** **219** **220** **221** **222** **223** **224** **225** **226** **227** **228** **229** **230** **231** **232** **233** **234** **235** **236** **237** **238** **239** **240** **241** **242** **243** **244** **245** **246** **247** **248** **249** **250** **251** **252** **253** **254** **255** **256** **257** **258** **259** **260** **261** **262** **263** **264** **265** **266** **267** **268** **269** **270** **271** **272** **273** **274** **275** **276** **277** **278** **279** **280** **281** **282** **283** **284** **285** **286** **287** **288** **289** **290** **291** **292** **293** **294** **295** **296** **297** **298** **299** **300** **301** **302** **303** **304** **305** **306** **307** **308** **309** **310** **311** **312** **313** **314** **315** **316** **317** **318** **319** **320** **321** **322** **323** **324** **325** **326** **327** **328** **329** **330** **331** **332** **333** **334** **335** **336** **337** **338** **339** **340** **341** **342** **343** **344** **345** **346** **347** **348** **349** **350** **351** **352** **353** **354** **355** **356** **357** **358** **359** **360** **361** **362** **363** **364** **365** **366** **367** **368** **369** **370** **371** **372** **373** **374** **375** **376** **377** **378** **379** **380** **381** **382** **383** **384** **385** **386** **387** **388** **389** **390** **391** **392** **393** **394** **395** **396** **397** **398** **399** **400** **401** **402** **403** **404** **405** **406** **407** **408** **409** **410** **411** **412** **413** **414** **415** **416** **417** **418** **419** **420** **421** **422** **423** **424** **425** **426** **427** **428** **429** **430** **431** **432** **433** **434** **435** **436** **437** **438** **439** **440** **441** **442** **443** **444** **445** **446** **447** **448** **449** **450** **451** **452** **453** **454** **455** **456** **457** **458** **459** **460** **461** **462** **463** **464** **465** **466** **467** **468** **469** **470** **471** **472** **473** **474** **475** **476** **477** **478** **479** **480** **481** **482** **483** **484** **485** **486** **487** **488** **489** **490** **491** **492** **493** **494** **495** **496** **497** **498** **499** **500** **501** **502** **503** **504** **505** **506** **507** **508** **509** **510** **511** **512** **513** **514** **515** **516** **517** **518** **519** **520** **521** **522** **523** **524** **525** **526** **527** **528** **529** **530** **531** **532** **533** **534** **535** **536** **537** **538** **539** **540** **541** **542** **543** **544** **545** **546** **547** **548** **549** **550** **551** **552** **553** **554** **555** **556** **557** **558** **559** **560** **561** **562** **563** **564** **565** **566** **567** **568** **569** **570** **571** **572** **573** **574** **575** **576** **577** **578** **579** **580** **581** **582** **583** **584** **585** **586** **587** **588** **589** **590** **591** **592** **593** **594** **595** **596** **597** **598** **599** **600** **601** **602** **603** **604** **605** **606** **607** **608** **609** **610** **611** **612** **613** **614** **615** **616** **617** **618** **619** **620** **621** **622** **623** **624** **625** **626** **627** **628** **629** **630** **631** **632** **633** **634** **635** **636** **637** **638** **639** **640** **641** **642** **643** **644** **645** **646** **647** **648** **649** **650** **651** **652** **653** **654** **655** **656** **657** **658** **659** **660** **661** **662** **663** **664** **665** **666** **667** **668** **669** **670** **671** **672** **673** **674** **675** **676** **677** **678** **679** **680** **681** **682** **683** **684** **685** **686** **687** **688** **689** **690** **691** **692** **693** **694** **695** **696** **697** **698** **699** **700** **701** **702** **703** **704** **705** **706** **707** **708** **709** **710** **711** **712** **713** **714** **715** **716** **717** **718** **719** **720** **721** **722** **723** **724** **725** **726** **727** **728** **729** **730** **731** **732** **733** **734** **735** **736** **737** **738** **739** **740** **741** **742** **743** **744** **745** **746** **747** **748** **749** **750** **751** **752** **753** **754** **755** **756** **757** **758** **759** **760** **761** **762** **763** **764** **765** **766** **767** **768** **769** **770** **771** **772** **773** **774** **775** **776** **777** **778** **779** **780** **781** **782** **783** **784** **785** **786** **787** **788** **789** **790** **791** **792** **793** **794** **795** **796** **797** **798** **799** **800** **801** **802** **803** **804** **805** **806** **807** **808** **809** **810** **811** **812** **813** **814** **815** **816** **817** **818** **819** **820** **821** **822** **823** **824** **825** **826** **827** **828** **829** **830** **831** **832** **833** **834** **835** **836** **837** **838** **839** **840** **841** **842** **843** **844** **845** **846** **847** **848** **849** **850** **851** **852** **853** **854** **855** **856** **857** **858** **859** **860** **861** **862** **863** **864** **865** **866** **867** **868** **869** **870** **871** **872** **873** **874** **875** **876** **877** **878** **879** **880** **881** **882** **883** **884** **885** **886** **887** **888** **889** **890** **891** **892** **893** **894** **895** **896** **897** **898** **899** **900** **901** **902** **903** **904** **905** **906** **907** **908** **909** **910** **911** **912** **913** **914** **915** **916** **917** **918** **919** **920** **921** **922** **923** **924** **925** **926** **927** **928** **929** **930** **931** **932** **933** **934** **935** **936** **937** **938** **939** **940** **941** **942** **943** **944** **945** **946** **947** **948** **949** **950** **951** **952** **953** **954** **955** **956** **957** **958** **959** **960** **961** **962** **963** **964** **965** **966** **967** **968** **969** **970** **971** **972** **973** **974** **975** **976** **977** **978** **979** **980** **981** **982** **983** **984** **985** **986** **987** **988** **989** **990** **991** **992** **993** **994** **995** **996** **997** **998** **999** **1000**

N. B.: *Play as legato as possible to mm. 70.*

IX. Stars

Bassoon Part 1, Page 10

Measure 10: The bassoon plays eighth-note patterns on the B4 and A4 strings. The measure ends with a fermata over the last note.

Soprano Vocal Part: The soprano sings the lyrics "When I took him".

28 *sul pont.* 3
gl. gl. gl. gl. gl. gl.
mf gl. gl. gl. gl. gl. gl.
30 **30**
ord. *mp* *mf* *sul pont.* 3

Musical score for page 36, measures 36-40. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef and a common time signature. Measure 36 starts with a sixteenth-note rest followed by a sixteenth note with a sharp. Measures 37-39 show eighth-note patterns with various slurs and grace notes. Measure 40 begins with a sixteenth-note rest followed by a sixteenth note with a sharp. The dynamic instruction *sempre p* is centered below the staves. Measure 40 ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign.

41

6

ord.

(marching band)

sul pont.

mf

1

sub. *f*

X. Jubilus

♩ = 58 Flexible

N. B.
1 sul pont. √ noise!
3 ord. √ *tr*
 tr
 tr
sul pont.
√ *tr*

pp < *ff* *p* < > *p* < > *p* <

Musical score for page 17, measures 17-20. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a bass line with eighth-note patterns and rests. Measure 17: Bass notes with grace notes, followed by a rest. Measure 18: Bass notes with grace notes, followed by a rest. Measure 19: Bass notes with grace notes, followed by a rest. Measure 20: Bass notes with grace notes, followed by a rest. The bottom staff shows a bass line with eighth-note patterns and rests. Measure 17: Bass notes with grace notes, followed by a rest. Measure 18: Bass notes with grace notes, followed by a rest. Measure 19: Bass notes with grace notes, followed by a rest. Measure 20: Bass notes with grace notes, followed by a rest. Measure 21: Bass notes with grace notes, followed by a rest.

21 *sul pont.*

again *mp* 3

mp 3

mp 3

2/4

N. B.: bear down, stop with bow on string

28

[30] *arco, sul pont.*
6
mf

31

1 2

36

sul pont.
pp! legato

39

1 40 1 1 2 1 3

sul pont.
p mormorando

43

2

48

2 50 2

54

<>

58

60 1 1

63

sempre p

69 [70] 1 1 N. B. NV f

75 molto sul pont. 4 mp silvery

[80] 2 molto sul pont. stop abruptly at barline senza battuta, libero 1 2 pp spiccato, leggiero

87 1 Push forward 1 mf

92 1 III 5 harmonics, along any string, not too fast

96 2 100 1 1 NV p mp

103 con vibrato 1 sul pont. 7 f ord. trill mp N. B.: start with bow on the string

Musical score fragment showing measures 125-130. The key signature changes from B-flat major (two flats) to A major (no sharps or flats). Measure 125 starts with a forte dynamic (f) and a molto legato instruction. Measure 130 begins with a forte dynamic (f).

138 2 140 *con vibrato, espress.* *f* *ff* 5 *ff marcato, secco*

Musical score for page 150, measures 143-150. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a bass line with eighth-note patterns and rests. The bottom staff shows a bass line with eighth-note patterns and rests. Measure 143 starts with a bass note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 144 continues the bass line with a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 145 begins with a bass note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measures 146-147 show a bass line with a sixteenth-note pattern. Measure 148 begins with a bass note followed by a sixteenth-note pattern. Measures 149-150 show a bass line with a sixteenth-note pattern.

Percussion

2 Bongos & 2 Tom-toms, pitched so as to make a four-voice choir
Tenor Drum
Snare Drum
2 Timpani
Vibraphone (motor off unless otherwise indicated; bowed in one passage)
Marimba (if necessary, mounted on blocks behind Vibraphone, so that both can be reached simultaneously)
Xylophone
Glockenspiel
Tubular Chimes
5 Temple Blocks
3 Woodblocks: high (H), medium (M), low (L)
2 Suspended Cymbals: high (H), mid-range (M)
Triangle
Whip
Maracas
Crotales
Mounted Ratchet
Very large Tam-Tam (36" or larger, *and size is important, please*)
Reversible mallets may be necessary in some passages

Performance instructions

Accidentals are valid throughout the measure (at the same pitch level) and when tied across the bar-line (to the tied note only)

NV = no vibrato

(vib.) = with vibrato

l. v. or ~ , ~ = *laissez vibrer* (let vibrate)

$\circ \swarrow$ = begin crescendo from nothing (*di niente*)

$\searrow \circ$ = decrescendo to nothing (*a niente*)

 or AFAP = as fast as possible; tremolos are AFAP, **not** measured

 or  = muffle

 = Conducted cue

Pedal only where indicated

 = pedal still depressed from the previous system

An American Decameron

Songs from the Interviews of Studs Terkel

I. Looking Back

Richard Felciano

Soprano:

list' - ning —

Soprano:
list' - ning —

24

VIBR. (medium yarn)

mp dry patter - no pedal

7 7 7 7

Musical score for piano, page 26, measures 7-10. The score shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Measure 7 consists of eighth-note pairs. Measure 8 begins with a bass note followed by two eighth notes. Measure 9 starts with a bass note and ends with a fermata over a bass note. Measure 10 starts with a bass note and ends with a bass note. Dynamics include *f* (fortissimo) in measure 7, *molto* (molto) with a downward arrow in measure 8, *mf* (mezzo-forte) in measure 9, and *fed.* (fedele) in measure 10. Measure 9 is enclosed in parentheses.

II. Outhouse Economics

♩ = 72 senza battuta ♩ = 72

WHIP

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 10, measures 1-10. The score includes parts for Violin I, Violin II, Cello, Double Bass, Trombone, Timpani (labeled 'TIMP.'), and Piano. The piano part features a bass line with dynamic markings 'f' and 'sf p'. The score is set in common time, with measure 10 explicitly marked as common time.

15 VIBR., motor off (med. yarn) connect to Fl. 1 2 20 VIBR. (med. yarn) 3
mp *ff* *Ad.* *secco* *senza pedale*

($\text{♩} = 60$) senza battuta $\text{♩} = 60$ battuta

21 4 BONGOS H. 1 S. D. tr 1
 TOM-TOMS f mp 1
 VIBR. (hard rubber) 5 3 4 1
 4 1 3 1
fz

30 1 $\text{♩} = 152$ $\text{♩} = 60$ $\text{♩} = 152$ $\text{♩} = 60$ $\text{♩} = 152$
 SUS. CYM. (soft yarn) *p*

1 3 8 5 3 8 3 4 3 8 3 4 3 8 3 4
 MAR. (soft yarn) 5 4 3 8 3 4 3 8 3 4 3 8 3 4

37 $\text{♩} = 60$ senza battuta $\text{♩} = 60$ battuta 40 1 MAR. (Duration: 8 beats) $(\frac{2}{4})$ $(\frac{3}{4})$
tr *p* Tap with third finger, ablternate hands, constantly changing pitches, AFAP

Faster, $\text{♩} = 84$

44 1 2 1

48 GLOCK. (metal) 1 50 1 $\text{♩} = 60$ VIBR. (med. yarn)
 VIBR. (med. yarn) *f* *ff* *Ad.* *evenly without accent,*
always senza pedale

release at Vc. entry

TIMP. $\# \text{C} \text{ D} \text{ E} \text{ F} \text{ G} \text{ A} \text{ B}$ *mf*

53 (VIBR.)

(*mp sempre*)

55

molto f *2do.* (*lift on 4*)

1

TIMP.

1

mp

59 MAR.

60 MOUNTED RATCHET
turn at moderate, even speed for one beat

VIBR. (med. yarn)

p!

1

1

1

1

64

(*2do.*)

XYLO.

f brittle

f

1

69 W. B.

70 (Picc., Vln.)

senza battuta

N. B.

VIBR. (hard mallet)

ff *2do.* *fast gliss.* *1* *2*

S. D. *trill.* *mf* *L.* *ff* *2do.* *hold pedal down* *1* *5* *16* *2*

1 *2*

1 *5* *16* *2*

1 *2*

1 *5* *16* *2*

1 *2*

1 *5* *16* *2*

1 *2*

1 *5* *16* *2*

1 *2*

1 *5* *16* *2*

N. B.: Vibraphone- natural-note gliss.

74 (VIBR.) **1** LG. TOM-TOM (*med. yarn*) 80 VIBR.

(*ped.*) **16** **1** **16** **1** **16** **1** **16** **1** **16** **1** **16**

pp — *f* **mf** **secco**

stop precisely on downbeat *sim.* H. SUS. CYM.
use hard end of med. yarn mallet

TIMP. **1** **16** **1** **16** **1** **16** **1** **16** **1** **16** **1** **16**

mp *mp* *sffz* (choke immediately)

Musical score for piano, page 10, measures 81-82. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one flat, and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a common time signature. Measure 81 starts with a sixteenth-note eighth-note pair followed by a quarter note. Measure 82 begins with a measure of 3/16, followed by a measure of 3/8, and ends with a measure of 5/16.

(hand muffle)

92

3/8

5/16

3/4

2/4

3/4

4/4

Musical score for RATCHET and BONGOS. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the RATCHET, indicated by a small icon of a ratchet and the text "RATCHET". The bottom staff is for the BONGOS, indicated by a small icon of a bongo set and the text "BONGOS". The tempo is marked as 103 BPM and 60 BPM. The RATCHET part includes dynamic markings "mf" and "s.d." with a wavy line. The BONGOS part includes dynamic markings "H.", "L.", and "f". The score features various rhythmic patterns and rests.

Musical score for page 110, measures 110-111. The score includes two staves. The top staff has a tempo of 110, dynamic (S. D.) *tr* (trill), and dynamics *mf* and *p!*. The bottom staff features a xylophone part with wood sticks, dynamic *f*, and a clock part with a glissando, dynamic *mf*, and dynamic *p!*.

Musical score for page 121, measures 121-122. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for a cello and includes dynamics *tr*, *senza battuta*, *6"*, *tr*, and *VIBR., (med. yarn)*. The bottom staff is for a bassoon and includes dynamics *mp*, *0.5"*, *MED. SUS. CYM. (med. yarn)*, and *mf*. Measure 121 ends with a fermata over the bassoon part. Measure 122 begins with a bassoon dynamic *mp*.

125 (Pedal release on Cym. strike) 130

TEMPLE BLKS. (med. yarn)

ff very short! (choke instantly) H. SUS. CYM.

III. Eric Satie for a Cologne Thing

37

XYLO.

5

Silence 40 scorrevole Silence 2"

mf ff

B^{\flat} A

$\text{H} \frac{2}{4}$ $\text{H} \frac{3}{4}$

Sarabande

41 $\text{♩} = 72$

2 BONGOS (wood sticks)

BONGOS

TOM-TOMS

VIBR., (medium yarn)

sustained, dolce

Musical score for piano, page 10, measures 46-50. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is treble clef and the bottom staff is bass clef. Measure 46: Treble staff has a double bar line with repeat dots. Bass staff has a bass clef, a common time signature, and a dynamic instruction p . Measure 47: Treble staff has a common time signature and a dynamic instruction p . Bass staff has a common time signature and a dynamic instruction p . Measure 48: Treble staff has a common time signature and a dynamic instruction p . Bass staff has a common time signature and a dynamic instruction p . Measure 49: Treble staff has a common time signature and a dynamic instruction p . Bass staff has a common time signature and a dynamic instruction p . Measure 50: Treble staff has a common time signature and a dynamic instruction p . Bass staff has a common time signature and a dynamic instruction p . Measure 51: Treble staff has a common time signature and a dynamic instruction p . Bass staff has a common time signature and a dynamic instruction p .

Percussion - An American Decameron

Flute:

53 , *tr* *VIBR. (motor off)* *ff* *stop immediately on downbeat*

Fast vibrato starts immediately on the downbeat $\text{♩} = 60$

motor on *motor off* *stop immediately on downbeat*

$\boxed{60}$ *2* *1* *2 TOM-TOMS (soft mallet)* $\text{♩} = 72$ *Sarabande*

p *VIBR. (med yarn)* *mf* *ff*

66 $\text{♩} = 60$ *1* *3* $\boxed{70}$ *1* *3* *VIBR. (med. yarn)* *5*

(VIBR.) *mf* *mf* *ff*

75 *foreground*
MAR. (medium yarn)

VIBR. (soft yarn) *mf*

(ff) *mp* *3*

79 *① senza battuta* *2* *3* $\text{♩} = 60$ *battuta*

VIBR. *f* *(Sop.)* *(VIBR.)* *f* *(sempre pedal down)*

Sarabande (Coda)

82

Vc.: **2** **3** **2** **3** **mf** **VIBR.** **mp** **p** **mp**

2 BONGOS (med. yarn, as Vibr.) **2 TOM-TOMS (yarn)**

(R&D.)

88 **90** **2 1 2** **2 1 2** **Silence non rall.! remain motionless**

p **(R&D.)**

IV. Looking Up

60

Bass Cl.: **2 1 1 2** **3 3 3 3** **Sop.: A**

libero senza battuta **battuta** **10 2** **H. SUS. CYM. (wood stick)** **choke instantly**

9 **u - ni - form** **S. D. (snares on) (loosen snares)** **p < f molto** **ff very short**

15 MAR. (soft mallets) **15 20 3 1**

TUBULAR CHIMES (wood mallet) **21** **p! R&D.** **VIBR. (med. yarn)** **l.v. al niente** **6 secco** **3 1 1**

29 MAR. (hard yarn) [30] VIBR. 2 VIBR. (med. yarn)

35 MAR. (med. yarn)

VIBR. (med. rubber)

(medium yarn)

39 [40]

42 = 88 Faster

(med. rubber)

VIBR. (hard yarn)

45 (VIBR.)

50

53

56 $\text{♩} = 60$ **Tempo primo**

VIBR. MAR. (hard yarn) LG. TOM-TOM (soft yarn)
tr *mp*

59 $\text{♩} = 50$ **60** MAR. (soft yarn) pp ! (a soft continuation of the Piano sound)

VIBR. (med. yarn) pp

63 $\text{♩} = 72$ **70** **no ritard. Strict tempo al fine**

72 $\text{♩} = 60$ $\text{♩} = 72$ $\text{♩} = 60$ **80**

V. The Streets of Harlem

$\text{♩} = 84$ $\text{♩} = 50$ N. B. MAR. (.) stop abruptly on 2 (but without accent) as before (.)

VIBR. ppp !

(MAR.) (VIBR.) **10**

9 **1**

10 **1**

N. B.: tap lightly with pad of 3rd finger, alternate hands, AFAP, middle and low registers. Note values above staff indicate duration of figure.
 Hold Vibraphone pedal down.

39

40 2

H. SUS. CYM. (soft yarn) *tr* choke!

(VIBR.) 5 5 5

2 VIBR. (med. yarn)

ff molto

mp *Ad.* *a niente*

47 VIBR. (plastic mallets) (med. yarn) ff not harsh (like bells) *Ad.*

48 (plastic) ff

49 (med. yarn) ff

50 (med. yarn) ff

51 (plastic) ff

a niente

52 2 1 2 1 1

Coda, a tempo

58

60 MAR. (soft yarn)

VIBR. (med. yarn) *p* ! murmur *p* (VIBR.)

Ad. *mp*

62 (Ad.) *mf* secco

70 1 2 1 1

71 Flute: *ppp* VERY LG. TAM-TAM (36" or larger- do not substitute) bass drum stick *crescendo poco a poco* *muffle instantly with the body* *1* *fff*

N. B.; Begin inaudibly. Make a slow, steady crescendo. At the mm. 78 cut-off the gong virtually drowns out the other instruments.
Save most of the "bloom" for the end.

All players
remain
motionless

VI. Tacet

VII. The Same Smile, The Same Open Eyes

$\text{♩} = 60$ Sprightly $\text{♩} = 50$ $\text{♩} = 72$ Faster

XYLO.

LG. W. B. (med. yarn)

XYLO.

[10] $\text{♩} = 50$

MAR. (soft mallets)

VIBR. (med. mallets)

LG. BONGO (fingers)

[20]

MAR. (soft mallets)

VIBR. (med. mallets)

27 MAR. (hard rubber)

(VIBR.)

mp

mf secco

30

Musical score for piano, page 34, measures 1-2. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the right hand and the bottom staff is for the left hand. Measure 1 starts with a rest followed by a forte dynamic. The right hand has a eighth-note eighth-note eighth-note eighth-note pattern. The left hand has a eighth-note eighth-note eighth-note eighth-note pattern. Measure 2 starts with a eighth-note eighth-note eighth-note eighth-note pattern. The right hand has a eighth-note eighth-note eighth-note eighth-note pattern. The left hand has a eighth-note eighth-note eighth-note eighth-note pattern.

Musical score for piano and voice. The piano part (top staff) has a dynamic of **p**. The vocal part (bottom staff) starts with a dynamic of **p** and a tempo of **Ad.**, followed by a fermata and the instruction **VIBR. (soft yarn)**. The vocal line consists of sustained notes on the first three beats of each measure, followed by a short rest and a melodic line on the last beat. The piano part features eighth-note patterns in the right hand and sustained notes in the left hand. Measure 40 ends with a fermata over the last note. Measure 41 begins with a melodic line in the vocal part and a sustained note in the piano part. The vocal line concludes with a melodic line and a fermata over the last note. The piano part ends with a sustained note. The score includes a rehearsal mark **1** above the piano staff in measure 41.

Musical score for page 10, measures 55-60. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for a treble clef instrument (likely flute or oboe) in common time (indicated by a '4'). The bottom staff is for a bass clef instrument (likely cello or double bass) in common time. Measure 55 starts with a dynamic 'tr' followed by a sustained note. Measures 56-60 show eighth-note patterns on the top staff, while the bottom staff rests. Measure 60 ends with a repeat sign and a measure of silence. Measure 61 begins with a dynamic '7'.

Musical score for "Ev - 'ry - thing" by Leonard Bernstein. The score includes a vocal part for Soprano and a piano part. The vocal part has lyrics "Ev - 'ry - thing". The piano part features temple-blocks (hard rubber) at dynamic *mf*. Measure numbers 68 and 70 are shown. The piano part includes dynamic markings *f*, *mf*, and *f*.

IX. Stars

STICKS

2 **1** **2** **1** **1** **mp** **10**

S. D. (snaresticks,
snares on)

N. B.

connect like a single instrument

S. D.

TENOR DR.

LG. TOM-TOM (sticks)

11 **mp** **S. D.**

sim. **mp** SM. BONGO **mp** **sempre mp** TEN. DR.

LG. TOM-TOM LG. TOM-TOM

18 **20** **5**

H. SUS. CYM. (yarn mallets) **mp secco**

5 TEMPLE BLOCKS (yarn mallets)

pp **f**

22 **2** **p** ! steady dynamic **2** **p** **p**

S. D. (wooden sticks, reversible to soft yarn mallets)

like a high school band **mp** **l.v.** **mp**

H. SUS. CYM. (wood stick) **LG. TOM-TOM (soft yarn)** **mp**

29 **30** **GLOCK. (metal)** **f** **XYLO. (wood sticks)** **pp!** **stay behind voice** **lightly**

SMALL W. B. (wood) **5 TEMPLE BLKS. (med. yarn)**

mp **f** **mp**

N. B.: make a flat dynamic carpet behind voice and other instruments; no dynamic change

34

pp!

mp

pp

mp

mp

mp

39

40

MAR. (*soft yarn*)

p

f

poco

44

(*hard rubber*)

mf

(*med. yarn*)

mp (*less!*)

VIBR. (*med. mallet*)

mf *#* *œ*

49

50

GLOCK. (*brass mallets*)
sounds: (*œ*)

mp *limpid, floating*

sempre mp

sempre mp

(*œ*)

54

mf

1 *2* *3*

4 *1* *2* *3*

(*œ*)

non ritard. al fine

59 (GLOCK.) **60**

70

4

a niente

X. Jubilus

J = 58 Flexible

5 1 1 1 1

Sop.: mmm — **10**

Sop.: mmm —

12 [a]

Vlc.: 2

18 1 1 **20** 4 1 1 3 3

Alto Fl.: 3

30 Vlc.: 6

VIBR. (medium yarn)

p secco senza pedale

(hard rubber)

34 (medium yarn)

mf f ff

N. B.: *hard-edged cut-off; no resonance, no dynamic change; as though electronic*

84

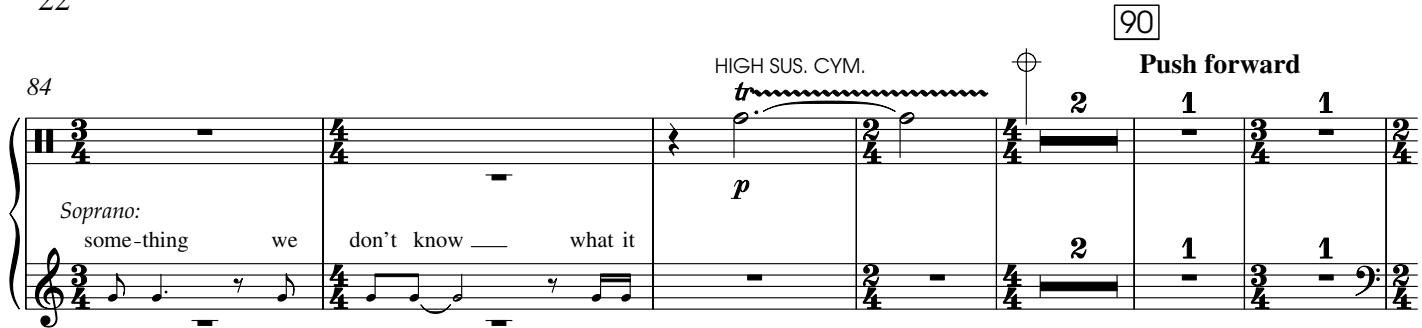
HIGH SUS. CYM.

tr 

Push forward

Soprano:
some-thing we don't know — what it

90



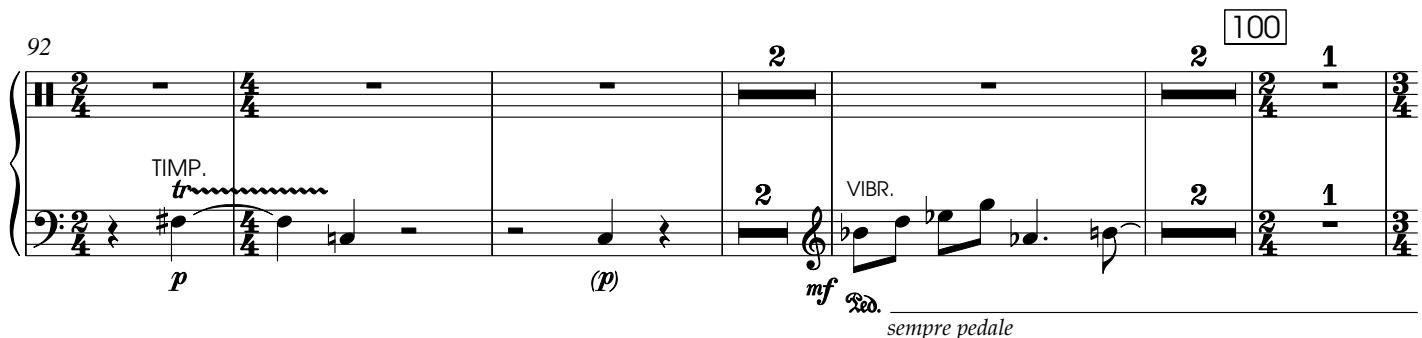
92

TIMP. 

100

VIBR. 

semper pedale



101

(VIBR.)

f



105

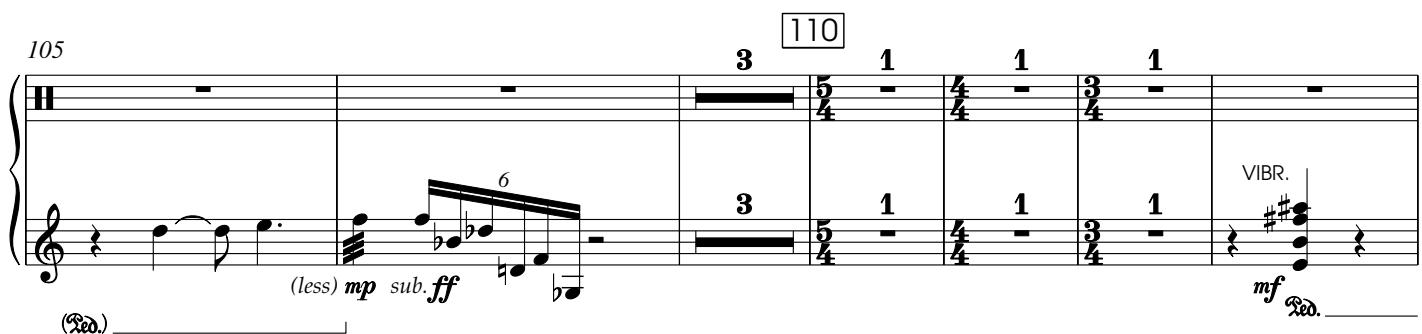
110

3 1 1 1

(less) mp sub. ff

VIBR. 

mf 



114

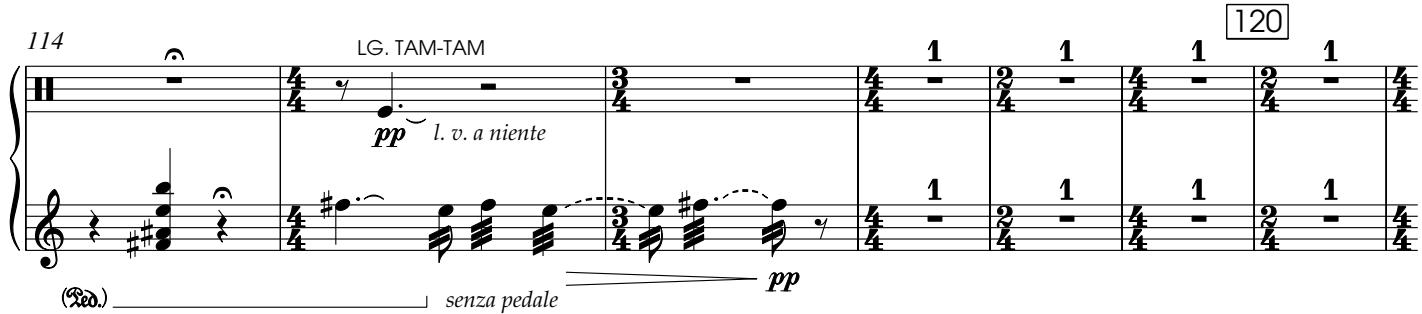
LG. TAM-TAM

pp l.v. a niente

120

pp 

senza pedale



121

TUBULAR CHIMES

VIBR.

sempre pedale, tie pedal down, if necessary.

126

130

(al niente)

(Sop.)

TIMP.

134

MAR. (medium yarn)

140

150

147

Sop.: [a] [o]

VIBR. (med. yarn)

151

(VIBR.)

release precisely
on downbeat

Performance instructions

Accidentals are valid throughout the measure (at the same pitch level)
and when tied across the bar-line (to the tied note only)

NV = no vibrato

(vib.) = with vibrato

l. v. or ~, ~ = *laissez vibrer* (let vibrate)

\asymp = begin crescendo from nothing (*di niente*)

$\asymp\circ$ = decrescendo to nothing (*a niente*)

 or AFAP = as fast as possible; tremolos are AFAP, **not** measured

 or  = muffle

 = Conducted cue

Pedal only where indicated

() = pedal still depressed from the previous system

lift hands = with damper pedal depressed, lift hands abruptly away after playing, allowing sympathetic resonance of other strings to "blossom"

l. h. = left hand

r. h. = right hand

Pianist also plays Celesta, positioned at right angle to the keyboard

An American Decameron

Songs from the Interviews of Studs Terkel

I. Looking Back

Richard Felciano

$\text{♩} = 40$

10 You could have mu - sic
Soprano: $\begin{array}{l} \text{You could have mu} \\ \text{sic} \end{array}$

mp

$\text{8va} \dots$

14 *foreground*
 mp secco
senza pedale

20 mp

$\text{8va} \dots$

$\text{8va} \dots$

$\text{8va} \dots$

23 *limpid*
 mf lift hands after playing

lift hand

(8va)

30

match Soprano dynamic
 mp

release together

II. Outhouse Economics

1 **2** **3** **4** **5** **6** **7** **8** **9** **10** **11** **12** **13** **14** **15** **16** **17** **18** **19** **20** **21** **22** **23** **24** **25**

senza battuta *ff* *senza pedale!* *f* *8ba-----J* *lift hand after striking key* *sustain with finger* *mf* *20* *mf* *mp* *secco* *sim.* *senza battuta* *8ba-----J* *(25)* *tr* *2(b)*

play as one continuous legato figure

Musical score for page 10, measures 39-40. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. Measure 39 starts with a dynamic *senza battuta*. It features a cello figure with sixteenth-note patterns and a piano part with sustained notes. A instruction "overlap end of cello figure" is placed above the piano staff. Measure 40 begins with a dynamic *f* and a instruction "senza pedale". The tempo is marked as $= 60$ battuta. The piano part continues with eighth-note patterns, and the bassoon part enters with eighth-note patterns. Dynamics include *mf*, *8va*, *mf*, *(mf)*, and *mf*.

42

Faster, $\text{♩} = 84$

f senza pedale

r.h.

l.h.

ff senza pedale

ff

Musical score for orchestra and piano, page 10, measures 46-50. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the piano, showing a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a tempo of $\text{♩} = 60$. The bottom staff is for the orchestra, showing a bass clef. Measure 46 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 47 continues with eighth-note patterns. Measure 48 begins with a piano dynamic and a instruction "lift hands". Measure 49 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 50 concludes with a piano dynamic and a instruction "release at Vc. entry". Measure numbers 2, 1, and 4 are placed above the piano staff in measure 47, 49, and 50 respectively. Measure numbers 2 and 1 are placed below the bass staff in measure 47 and 49 respectively.

56 Sop.: the best way
mf brittle
mp
senza pedale

60
senza pedale
sffz

62
mf lightly
senza pedale

66
mf lift hands
mf
mf
senza pedale

70 **senza battuta**
f
senza pedale

$\text{♩} = 72 \text{ battuta}$
mf lightly!
sempre senza pedale

74

cresc. molto

ff

79

80

L'istesso tempo

mf secco

senza pedale

sustain with finger

f!

89

90

Sop.: less and less _____

99

100

mp secco, ma non staccato

senza pedale

sub. ff

martellato

senza pedale

8ba_r

ff

senza pedale

104

$\text{♩} = 60$

mf

$\text{♩} = 60$

109

110

f

sustain with finger

$\frac{3}{4}$

Musical score for piano, page 116, measures 1-8. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The treble staff starts with a forte dynamic (f) and a common time signature (4/4). The bass staff begins with a common time signature (4/4). Measures 1-2 show a repeating pattern of chords and rests. Measures 3-4 show a similar pattern. Measures 5-6 show a variation of the pattern. Measures 7-8 show another variation. The score includes measure numbers and time signatures above the staff.

129

130

1 3

(*mp*)

1 3

2

to CELESTA

III. Eric Satie for a Cologne Thing

$\text{♩} = 66$

CELESTA
 mf *sprightly*
 3 *senza pedale*

5 *to PIANO*
 3 *PIANO* 3
 8
 8ba *f*
senza pedale

① *senza battuta*
9 *N.B.* 8va
 f 3 3
 3 3
 8ba *(sempre Pedal depressed)*

10 $\text{♩} = 60$ 3
 3

$\text{♩} = 72$ Faster

9 *mf* 3
 2 3 *f brittle*
 2 3

17 *f* 7
 sf

18 *(Sop.)* *senza battuta* $\text{♩} = 60$ battuta
 1 20 1
 1 1

N.B.: rests allotted same duration as notes

26

1 3 4 1 3 4 1 3 4 1 3 4

lift hand

mp

30

1 3 4 1 3 4 1 3 4 1 3 4

Red.

libero

1

f rough

8ba-----

= 60 battuta

1

fff! brittle

Silence sotto voce e scorrevole Silence 2" ♩ = 72 to CELESTA Sarabande

39 40

39 40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

50

Sarabande ♩ = 72

56 *Vibr.:* ♩ = 60 finger sustain

60 2 1 3 2 1 3 2

to CEL. 1 2

secco senza pedale

CELESTA ♩ = 60 PIANO

66 mf to PIANO 70

mf secco senza pedale

71 2 CELESTA 1 PIANO foreground 1

to CELESTA 2 mf to PNO. mf secco 1

2ed.

senza battuta

1 2 3 (Vibr.) (Sop.)

79 f 80 ♩ = 60 battuta ♩ = 72 Sarabande (Coda)

3 1 3 1 3 3 2 Tom-Toms: 2 ed. 8ba

88 2 Picc.: 90 non rall.! Silence remain motionless

mp dolce, as though a beginning

senza pedale lift hands abruptly on 2nd beat, as though cut off 1

non diminuendo!

IV. Looking Up

Soprano: A

2 1 1 2 5 2 2 2

Bass Cl.: 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

libero - senza battuta **battuta**

9 u - ni - form ____ [10] 5 3 Sop.: You _____ can't _____

5 3

[20] work _____

mf lift hands after striking

8ba. *mf* senza pedale

20. _____

23 1 1 1

f

8ba. *mf* secco senza pedale

23. _____

8ba. _____

27

f senza pedale

30

32

1

36

ff *8ba* **secco**

1

40

♩ = 88 Faster

mf

46

f secco

50

f

53 *r. h.*

mf legato

senza pedale

$\text{♩} = 60$ **Tempo primo**

55

l. h.

f

$\text{♩} = 50$

58

sfz

ff

$\text{♩} = 72$

$\boxed{60}$

sfz

sfz

$\boxed{70}$ **2**

$\boxed{70}$ **3** **2** **3**

ff

ff

(ff)

$\text{♩} = 60$

Sop.: Do-'in do - mes - tic work these days

$\text{♩} = 72$

Sop.: and I'm

$\text{♩} = 60$

no ritard. Strict tempo al final

poco staccato
lightly, dance-like

$\boxed{80}$ **3**

8va

senza pedale

V. The Streets of Harlem

1

ff 6 6

poco martellato
senza pedale

mp lift hand after striking

6

10

12

p! legato

pedal very lightly

17

20

21

Piano - An American Decameron

14

24

Measures 24-26: The top staff consists of eighth-note pairs (B, A), (G, F#), (E, D), (C, B). The bottom staff has sixteenth-note patterns: (D, C, B, A), (G, F#, E, D), (A, G, F#, E), (B, A, G, F#).

27

Measures 27-29: The top staff consists of eighth-note pairs (B, A), (G, F#), (E, D), (C, B). The bottom staff has sixteenth-note patterns: (D, C, B, A), (G, F#, E, D), (A, G, F#, E), (B, A, G, F#).

30

Measures 30-32: The top staff consists of eighth-note pairs (B, A), (G, F#), (E, D), (C, B). The bottom staff has sixteenth-note patterns: (D, C, B, A), (G, F#, E, D), (A, G, F#, E), (B, A, G, F#). Dynamic: f.

33

Measures 33-35: Right hand: eighth-note pairs (B, A), (G, F#), (E, D), (C, B) with dynamics *p* and 8va *loco*. Left hand: sustained notes with fingerings: *l. h.: sustain with fingers*, *mf*, *senza pedale*. Dynamics: *poco*, *(>)*.

37

Measures 37-40: Top staff: eighth-note pairs (B, A), (G, F#), (E, D), (C, B). Bottom staff: sixteenth-note patterns. Dynamics: *p secco*, *p !legato, senza pedale*, *5*.

39

pedal very lightly

40

41

sempre pp, legato e senza pedale

43

p (a little louder)

45

cresc.

mf *ff* *sustain with hand*

senza pedale

48

ff *8ba* *martellato, secco*

f *lift hand after striking* *2*

ff *2*

2

Coda, a tempo

ff sustain with hand

ff pesante

mf lift hand!

mf senza pedale

8va 1

mf sustain with hand

mf sharply accented

mf *sff* senza pedale

N. B.

mp

mp

crescendo poco a poco

f

sempre senza pedale

ff

crescendo poco a poco

ff!

feroce!

loco

loco

secco, martellato!

8ba

All players remain motionless

This musical score for piano, titled "An American Decameron," consists of five systems of music. System 1 (mm. 52-57) includes dynamic markings like ff, mf, and f, and performance instructions such as "sustain with hand" and "lift hand!" with a tempo marking of 1. System 2 (mm. 58-63) features a complex rhythmic pattern with time signature changes (3/4, 2/4, 3/8, 4/4, 2/4, 3/4) and dynamic shifts from ff to mf. System 3 (mm. 67-70) shows a slow crescendo with dynamic markings mp, mf, and f, and a performance instruction "sempre senza pedale". System 4 (mm. 72-76) continues the crescendo with ff and ff! dynamics, and includes markings like feroce!, loco, and secco, martellato!. System 5 (mm. 76-80) concludes with a dynamic ff and a final instruction for all players to remain motionless. The score also includes a note: "N. B.; make a slow, inexorable crescendo from mm. 68 to mm. 77, uninfluenced by the agitation of the other instruments".

N. B.; make a slow, inexorable crescendo from mm. 68 to mm. 77, uninfluenced by the agitation of the other instruments

VI. Tacet

VII. The Same Smile, The Same Open Eyes

$\text{♩} = 60$ Sprightly $\text{♩} = 50$ $\text{♩} = 72$ Faster

1 *ff martellato!, very short!*
sempre senza pedale

1 *pluck string with nail*
f
Ad. _____

[10] $\text{♩} = 50$

1 *f sustain with hands*
senza pedale

2 1 *fff ben marcato*
senza pedale

16

f
senza pedale

20

Mar.: *6* *3*

28

Vc.:

mf

30

ten.

1

mf sustain with hands

senza pedale

33 $\text{♩} = 42$

$\text{♩} = 126$

1 **3**

40

f sustain with hands

senza pedale

1 **3**

L'istesso tempo $\text{♩} = 42$

42

mf

accel.

a tempo

$\text{♩} = 42$ All parts precisely coordinated!

46

ff martellato

1

strike sharply

1

50

f

ff

51

f

1

mf

senza pedale

mf

(*ff*) _____

Poco più mosso

56

64

70

sustain with hands

73

senza pedale

80 non rall.

strike hard enough to achieve a long resonance

79

martellato, brutale
senza pedale

VIII. Euclid

Fluid, without accent ♩ = 60 ♩ = 84

p senza pedale
fluid, unaccented, like murmuring

battuta ♩ = 44

battuta ♩ = 44

senza battuta

Ped. III (una corda) only

Measure 1: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Bass clef, 2/4 time. Measures 2-3: Treble clef, 4/4 time. Bass clef, 4/4 time. Measures 4-5: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Bass clef, 2/4 time. Measures 6-7: Treble clef, 3/4 time. Bass clef, 3/4 time. Measures 8-9: Treble clef, 2/4 time. Bass clef, 2/4 time. Measures 10-11: Treble clef, 3/4 time. Bass clef, 3/4 time.

Measure 12: Bass clef, 3/4 time. Measure 13: Bass clef, 3/4 time. Measure 14: Bass clef, 4/4 time. Measure 15: Bass clef, 4/4 time. Measure 16: Bass clef, 4/4 time. Measure 17: Bass clef, 4/4 time. Measure 18: Bass clef, 4/4 time.

Measure 19: Bass clef, 4/4 time. Measure 20: Bass clef, 4/4 time. Measure 21: Bass clef, 4/4 time. Measure 22: Bass clef, 4/4 time.

battuta ♩ = 44

19 Soprano: Is not a _____ straight line _____

20

1 3
4

1 3
4

Musical score for piano, page 26, measures 1-30. The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. Measure 1 starts with a fermata over two measures. Measure 2 begins with a dynamic *pp* and a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 84$. Measures 3-4 show a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. Measures 5-6 continue this pattern. Measures 7-8 show a change in rhythm and dynamics. Measures 9-10 show a return to the previous pattern. Measures 11-12 show a change in dynamics and a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 50$. Measures 13-14 show a return to the previous pattern. Measures 15-16 show a change in dynamics and a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 50$. Measures 17-18 show a return to the previous pattern. Measures 19-20 show a change in dynamics and a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 50$. Measures 21-22 show a return to the previous pattern. Measures 23-24 show a change in dynamics and a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 50$. Measures 25-26 show a return to the previous pattern. Measures 27-28 show a change in dynamics and a tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 50$. Measures 29-30 show a return to the previous pattern.

senza battuta battuta $\text{♩} = 60$

32

mp leggiero

senza pedale

Musical score for piano, page 10, system 37. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in 4/4 time, bass clef, and dynamic pp. It features sixteenth-note patterns with grace notes. The bottom staff is also in 4/4 time, bass clef, and dynamic 8ba. It includes markings "scorrevole, sotto voce senza pedale". Measure 37 starts with a sixteenth-note pattern on the top staff, followed by a measure of rests. The bottom staff begins with a sixteenth-note pattern, followed by a measure of rests. Measures 38-39 show sixteenth-note patterns on both staves. Measure 40 begins with a sixteenth-note pattern on the top staff, followed by a measure of rests. The bottom staff begins with a sixteenth-note pattern, followed by a measure of rests.

Musical score for piano showing measures 39-40. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in bass clef, and the bottom staff is also in bass clef. Measure 39 starts with a bass note followed by a six-note melodic line. Measure 40 begins with a dynamic *p*. The score includes measure numbers 39 and 40, key signatures, and time signatures.

45

senza pedale

1

poco pedale

50

48

senza pedale

54

8va 1

f

mf

sempre senza pedale

1

60

2

f

2

mf

66

3

3

3

3

Musical score for piano showing measures 70 and 73.

Measure 70: Treble and bass staves. Key signature: F major (one sharp). Measure number 70 is in a bracket above the staff. Dynamics: **ff** non dim.

Measure 73: Treble and bass staves. Key signature: F major (one sharp). Measure number 73 is in a bracket above the staff. Dynamics: **(ff)**. Articulation: **5** (staccato dots) under each note. Instruction: *evenly, non ritardando; non cresc.; don't accent final note; as though continuing into infinity.*

IX. Stars

Musical score for piano showing measures 3 through 10.

Measure 3: Time signature changes from 3/4 to 8/8 to 2/4 to 3/4 to 4/4 to 3/4 to 2/4 to 4/4. Measure number 3 is in a bracket above the staff.

Measure 10: Soprano vocal entry: "When I took him". Measure number 10 is in a bracket above the staff.

Musical score for piano showing measures 12 and 13.

Measure 12: Soprano vocal entry: "I got a sto - ry, I got a sto - ry". Measure number 12 is in a bracket above the staff.

Musical score for piano showing measures 20, 29, 30, and 31.

Measure 20: Soprano vocal entry: "It's a bout". Measure number 20 is in a bracket above the staff.

Measure 29: Bass staff: "9". Measure number 29 is in a bracket above the staff.

Measure 30: Glockenspiel entry: "Glock.: > < > <". Measure number 30 is in a bracket above the staff.

Measure 31: Bass staff: "8". Measure number 31 is in a bracket above the staff.

40 *Soprano: They ____ went back, they ____ went back ____ up to the sky ____*

mf distinct but lightly; lift hands away after striking

Rédo. _____ *(sempre pedale)*

49 *50*

1 *1*

sempre mp

1 *1*

(Rédo.) _____

55 *2* *1* *1* *60* *1*

distinct, but lightly

mf like bells
(always lift hands after striking)

1

(Rédo.) _____ *→ a niente* *Rédo.* _____ *(sempre pedale al fine)*

63 *sempre mp*

non rubato

mf

(Rédo.) _____

67 *non ritard. al fine* *70*

let piano resonance build

2

2

(Rédo.) _____ *stop all resonance on downbeat*

X. Jubilus

 $\text{♩} = 58$ Flexible

mp legato, organ-like, uninfluenced by interjections of other instruments
control dynamics so that all notes are equal; do not phrase repetitions

senza pedale

8

10

15

20

22

29

30

mf

crescendo -----

37 r. h., evenly, as before

(cresc.) *f* *dim.* *mf*

fff *8ba* *secco, martellato!*

40

42 *legato* *p!* *limpid, lift hands after striking*

sempr. Ad. *(mf)*

47 *p sempr.*

50

53 *p*

Ad. *release with Voice entry*

58 *p sempr.*

60 *2* *1*

65

(*Ad.*) $\xrightarrow{\quad}$ *a niente*

70 3 1 *lift hand*
mf

3 1 *2*

Ad. $\xrightarrow{\quad}$ *release with Soprano entry*

75 *senza battuta, libero*

p!
una corda

84 *senza pedale*

89 1 *Push forward*
mf (*distant trumpets*)

94 *f*
p *mp* *ten.* *ten.*
mf *senza pedale*

V. S.

98

ten. ten. ten.

mp

100 1 1 1

ten. ten.

mf

103 ten. ten.

2 2

mp legato

sempre senza pedale

110 2 1

111

mf legato sempre

senza pedale

115

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

120 1 1 1

sustain with hand
r. h.
l. h.

senza pedale

123

ff secco

1 5 5

mf secco

127

1

mp

3

to CELESTA

130

1

4

f *sprightly*

senza pedale

8va

5

5

1

CELESTA

Musical score for piano and basso continuo. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is for the piano, indicated by the text "PIANO" above the staff. The bottom staff is for the basso continuo, indicated by the text "to PIANO" above the staff. Measure 135 (measures 1-3) starts with a forte dynamic (f). Measure 136 (measures 4-5) starts with a forte dynamic (f). Measure 137 (measures 6-7) starts with a forte dynamic (f). Measure 138 (measures 8-9) starts with a forte dynamic (f). Measure 139 (measures 10-11) starts with a forte dynamic (f). Measure 140 (measures 12-13) starts with a piano dynamic (p). The basso continuo part includes a bassoon part with slurs and grace notes.

Musical score for piano, page 10, measures 142-150. The score consists of two staves. The top staff starts with a forte dynamic (F) and a tempo of 142 BPM. It features a sequence of eighth-note patterns: a sustained note followed by a sixteenth-note cluster, then a sustained note followed by a sixteenth-note cluster, and finally a sustained note followed by a sixteenth-note cluster. The bottom staff starts with a forte dynamic (F) and a tempo of 142 BPM. It features a sustained note followed by a sixteenth-note cluster, then a sustained note followed by a sixteenth-note cluster, and finally a sustained note followed by a sixteenth-note cluster. The score includes a dynamic marking *mp* leggiero! and a tempo change to 150 BPM.

Musical score for piano, page 151, measures 1-4. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, 3/4 time, and key signature of one sharp. Measure 1 starts with a forte dynamic (F#) followed by a half note. Measure 2 begins with a dynamic instruction *p!* and *senza pedale*, followed by a half note. Measures 3 and 4 show eighth-note patterns with grace notes and slurs. The bottom staff is in bass clef, 3/4 time, and key signature of one sharp. Measures 1 and 2 are silent. Measures 3 and 4 begin with a dynamic of 2 followed by a half note.